

# Vulcan Advocate

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THE VULCAN ADVOCATE, APRIL 12, 1916

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## VULCAN COUNCIL HELD MEETING MONDAY LAST

Site of Nuisance Ground is  
Changed.—Decide to Go  
On With Rinks

The regular monthly meeting of the town council was held on Monday evening at the offices of the secretary-treasurer, all the councillors being present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved, and the following bills were allowed, on a motion by Irving:—W. E. Butchart, \$2.35; G. McQueen \$3.75; George Pettman, \$2.30.

The secretary read a letter from the C.P.R. in regard to the site for the cemetery. The price of the land is \$212 per acre, and two acres are to be acquired.

In regard to the site for the nuisance ground, the C.P.R. had offered the village a site close to the farm residence of Mr. J. C. Graham. Mr. Graham had said that this would interfere with him, and as an alternative, he offered the council two acres of land in the southwest corner of section eight, south of the railway intersection, at the same price as the C.P.R. land. It was decided to secure the offer made by Mr. Graham, and have the necessary papers drawn up.

The question of the exit of automobiles from garages was discussed, and it was decided to request the owners of garages to have notices placed over the exits warning the drivers to drive slowly and sound an alarm when leaving a garage.

The council continued the consideration of the town ownership of the two rinks. Everybody was in favour of it, and this, together with the unanimous decision re-

### Baseball Meeting

A meeting of those interested in the formation of a baseball club are asked to attend a meeting, which will be held in the Fire Hall on Thursday evening of this week, at 8 o'clock prompt. All fans be there!

ched at the meeting of ratepayers recently, decided the council in favour of circulating a petition asking the ratepayers to accede to the raising of £4000 by debenture. The secretary was requested to write to various towns where there are municipally owned rinks for information as to cost, etc.

For some time it appears that the town has been gradually losing its stock of tools, people borrowing and failing to return them, and to counteract this tendency it was decided that in future no property of the town shall be loaned out.

The drainage is bad on Atlantic Avenue opposite the residence of Mr. Fred Smith, and an improved culvert is to be laid down.

The laundries came in for consideration on account of not having proper cess pools for the reception of waste water, and the owners are to be requested to make some provision against this nuisance. The owners of the cafes are also to be told to keep their backyards and alleys in a state of greater cleanliness.

The advent of a new pool room was discussed, and this, together with the decision to install R. Condell as town constable, brought the meeting to a close.

### Snake Creek News

The Ladies' Institute of Reid Hill are going to hold a picnic at the Marshall school on May 24th.

J. A. Kelley, Pte. W. E. Green Misses Mabel and Edna Green of Brant visited at the home of Mr. W. N. Adams on Sunday. Pte. Green, of the American Legion of Toronto, is home on leave.

Misses Oma Myers and Bessie Adam went to Vulcan on Saturday.

Mrs. Peter McIntyre has had an operation, and it is reported that she is doing nicely.

B. W. Doncaster dined at the home of J. M. Roberts on Sunday night.

David Felch and mother and sister, accompanied by Mr. Adams, of Colfax, Wash., made an auto trip through this vicinity on Monday last, looking for a location.

Seeding is in full swing this week.

Harold Myers visited at the bar UM ranch on Sunday.

Jas. Ryan, of Hardwicks ranch visited in the district this week.

Mrs. A. McIntyre's children have recovered from their recent illness.

Miss Florence Whitby has returned to Vulcan.

Wes. Myer's mother, sister and brothers are visiting him.

### Curlers Hold Their Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the Vulcan curling club was held on Friday evening in the Masonic hall, immediately following the ratepayers meeting, president A.G. Spooner being in the chair.

The annual report, which was read by the secretary, Mr. S. D. Skene, was accepted.

The election of officers followed. Mr. Jas. J. McNaughton is honorary president and Mr. A.G. Spooner president; A. J. Flood vice-president; W. O. Torgerson secretary; committee, Messrs. D.C. Jones, F.A. Elves, E.J. Charters, T.B. Lebow and J. Wolfe.

It was left to the officers and the committee to make arrangements for meeting the council in regard to the proposed new rink.

## RATEPAYERS MEETING WAS WELL ATTENDED

Many Matters Were Discussed by the Ratepayers On Friday Last

There was a fair attendance at the ratepayers meeting on Friday evening, for the consideration of the town owning the two rinks. Mr. Spooner was in the chair. The matter was thoroughly discussed and on a motion by E. J. Charters it was decided to ask the council to proceed with a petition to the ratepayers to raise debentures necessary to meet the outlay.

Nothing definite beyond that could be done. A number of curlers were there and it was repeatedly stated that the curling club would pay enough rental to make their part of it a success. They did not want to see the town take up the project and the curling

## \$62 WAS RAISED AT RED CROSS DANCE —ATTENDANCE GOOD

Music By Bailey's Orchestra,  
Calgary—Supper By Red  
Cross Ladies

The dance given by the Red Cross committee on Thursday last was in every way a success, and the sum of \$62 was raised for the purpose of the Red Cross Fund.

There was a good attendance and the music which was supplied by the Bailey orchestra, of Calgary, gave every satisfaction. The supper, which was provided by members of the Red Cross Society, was of the very best.

The ladies who have been in charge of the dance worked very hard indeed to have the dance a success, and the results of their efforts have in every way repaid them.

The hall was suitably decorated with flags and the national colours. About one hundred and fifty persons were present.

### Ensign News

J. Williams and Verne Parker have returned from Olds where they have been attending the Agricultural College.

Miss Laura Driggs is in Calgary. She has been ill for the past month.

J. McFadden has moved down to his land on 7-17-25, having leased his other land north of Ensign.

Geo. Motter and his nephew were down from Calgary last week.

Mrs. Dixon and family left for Cardston on Saturday to join Mr. Dixon.

Fred Andrews was a business visitor to Calgary last week.

Peter Couchure is expected home from the hospital at High River this week.

C. D. Nelson and son have purchased the quarter section of 26-17-25.

During the short time that he has been in Vulcan, Mr. R. D. Stowell, the agent for the Chevrolet automobile, has sold nine cars.

### Flags to be Hoisted

The Dominion Government has decreed that flags are to be hoisted on the staffs of all public buildings in Canada on April the 22nd, the anniversary of St. Julien. The anniversary of this event in history, made great by the valour of Canadian soldiers, will most certainly be observed by Canadian citizens.

### Red Cross Notes

The treasurer acknowledged the sum of \$5 from Mrs. S. Forrester, which amount was collected at a dance.

The whist drives which were commenced at the season are to be discontinued. It was thought that one would be run this week, but with the Box Social and dance of the Rebekah Lodge occurring on Friday that could not be done, and as the season is practically over, the committee are of the opinion that it is better to discontinue them.

The following articles of work, the third consignment from Vulcan, were forwarded to Calgary headquarters last week:

12 day shirts; 5 pairs of socks; 2 surgical shirts; 26 pygama suits; 6 sheets; 42 T bandages; 78 triangular bandages and 7 wash clothes.

### Temperance Lecture

The Rev. W. F. Gold, general secretary of the Alberta Temperance and Moral Reform League, is coming to Vulcan on April 18th. In the evening he will deliver his popular lecture 'The Execution of John Barleycorn' at the Shimp Hall.

The Rev. W. F. Gold was an assiduous worker during the prohibition plebiscite last year, and his lecture will be one of great interest.

When Little ones are peevish, give Rexall Orderlies; constipation is often the cause. Sold only by Rexall Drug Stores, 15c and 25c boxes.

### LOCAL ITEMS OF INTEREST

Two land buyers from Washington were in town on Monday looking over various pieces of land.

Miss C. Davis commenced her duties at the Bank of Commerce on Monday.

Miss Gross, milliner, of Calgary, arrived in Vulcan on Monday. Miss Gross is at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Steeves, and will be pleased to undertake any millinery work.

Mr. E. E. McIntosh was a visitor to Brooks during the past few days.

Mr. Trail was a visitor to Bow City last week.

The treasurer of the Red Cross committee, Mr. A. M. Trail, has received from the committee of the dance the sum of \$62.

The present weather is ideal, and from every district comes the news that work on the land has begun and is in full swing. A number of the farmers have practically finished their seeding already, while many of them are well on towards completion of the job. The season is opening up splendidly.

Mr. J. F. Chase left on Monday for Calgary where he will attend the Fat Stock Show.

Another pool hall is to come into Vulcan, and the site chosen is between the store of A. G. Spooner and the office of Dr. G. M. Carson.

Lieut. Cooper and Corporal McCartney, of the 13th O. M. R. were in town from Saturday to Tuesday.

Miss Hazel Douglass has accepted a position at the post office.

### Farm Help

The Board of Trade is in receipt of a letter from Charles S. Hotchkiss, of the Publicity department Edmonton, in regard to farm help which may be required in the district.

Any farmers requiring help are requested to correspond with Mr. Hotchkiss, and he will be able to supply the labour, as he is in charge of placing the soldiers on the farms.

## Firm Enlarged

We have great pleasure in announcing that Mr. F. A. Elves has decided to take an active interest in our business and owing to the very rapid development made since the inauguration of the firm less than two years ago, we have considered it necessary in order to successfully cope with it, to increase the membership of the firm.

Mr. Elves is well known throughout the district and we feel particularly fortunate in securing his services as a partner.

All business entrusted to us will have our careful, honest and prompt attention; methods which we believe have been the secret of our success.

We respectfully beg to solicit your business for all kinds of

Insurance---Hail, Fire, Live Stock  
and Life,

and if you want to Buy or Sell LAND, SEE US

## FLOOD, WHICHER & ELVES

VULCAN - - - ALBERTA

**FLOWERS**  
You will want Flowers for  
**EASTERTIDE**  
EASTER LILIES from 50c to 1.50  
Leave your order early and be sure of a  
beautiful flower.

**D. C. JONES**  
DRUGGIST *Rexall Remedies* VULCAN

**McKENZIE'S and STEELE BRIGGS**  
**SEEDS**  
FOR  
GARDEN and FIELD  
Peas, Mangel, Sweet Corn, Rape, Sugar Beet, Turnip  
IN BULK

## THE 4X MARKET





It bears the Seal of Purity All over the world the name Sunlight stands for purity in Soap. Our \$5,000 guarantee of Purity is something more than an advertisement. It marks the high standard we have set for ourselves to give you the best laundry soap it is possible to produce at any price.

**Sunlight 5¢ Soap**

### LITTLE THINGS COUNT

Even in a match you should consider the "Little Things," the wood—the composition—the strikeability—the flame.

## EDDY'S MATCHES

are made of strong dry pine stems, with a secret perfected composition that guarantees "Every Match A Light." 65 years of knowing how—that's the reason!

All Eddy products are dependable products—Always.

**THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No. 1 & 2 N.S.**  
Used in French Hospitals with great success—CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOSS OF VIGOR, NERVOUS DEBILITY, BLADDER DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES, STIFF JOINTS, DRUGGISTS & DRUGGISTS, 1010 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, N.Y. DRUGGISTS & DRUGGISTS, 1010 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, N.Y. DRUGGISTS & DRUGGISTS, 1010 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, N.Y.

**Cook's Cotton Root Compound.**  
A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid in plain package on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Watson).

### No Singing on British Warships

Fate in Store for Lion's Sailors Whose Singing Makes Orders Inaudible

An order for silence on board British warships during battle is expected to be given, even if already it has not been given, by the admiralty. Filson Young, the novelist, who has been attached to the staff of Sir David Beatty, aboard the battleship Lion, since the beginning of the war, revealed the cause of the departure in a lecture at his Majesty's theatre in London.

Young said that after the Heligoland action, in which the armored cruiser Blücher was sunk, and after the Lion had been safely towed to port, the chief stoker went to the engineer-lieutenant to lodge a complaint.

"I want you to issue an order for absolute silence among the stokers during the action. During yesterday's fight my men were singing so loud all the time that it was impossible for me to give orders."

Young recalled the remark of a young lieutenant, half stunned, who with a half-bursting below the waterline, casually remarked to a comrade: "This means either 'Kingdom come' or ten days' leave."

### THAT COLD YOU HAVE

may bring sickness, doctors bills and loss of work; you know that serious sickness usually starts with a cold, and a cold only exists where weakness exists. Remember that.

Overcome the weakness and nature cures the cold—that is the law of reason. Carefully avoid drugged pills, syrups or stimulants; they are only props and braces and whips.

It is the pure medicinal nourishment in Scott's Emulsion that quickly enriches the blood, strengthens the lungs and helps heal the air passages.

And mark this well—Scott's Emulsion generates body heat as protection against winter sickness. Get Scott's at your drug store to-day. It always strengthens and builds up.

14-01 Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ontario.

W. N. U. 1099

### Trawler Skipper A Brave Man

He Risked His Own Life to Cut Mine Away to Save Vessel

On the return to port of the Grimsby trawler Pelican, a gallant action on the part of the skipper, Fred Firth, was made known.

Whilst the gear was being hove in it was discovered that a mine was entangled in the warps. The winch was immediately stopped and the incoming gear checked just as the mine bumped lightly on the ship's side. The situation was one of extreme peril. A roll or lurch of the vessel might cause the mine to shift, and to explode at any moment.

Skipper Firth ordered all the hands to the boat. Then, having handed the compass, provisions, rockets and water to the men, he ordered them to pull away from the trawler.

"But what about you, skipper?" one of the men asked.

"I'm going to try and clear that mine," he replied. The men demurred, but Firth insisted. "Pull clear," he said. "Pull clear, and if anything happens try and pick me up."

The men rowed clear and then the skipper, having donned a life jacket, set to work, slowly and gently unwinding the warp from the drum of the winch. Inch by inch the mine was lowered, the men in the boat waiting, fearing each moment that the ship would roll and bring about the dreaded explosion.

But luck was with the gallant skipper. The mine touched the water, and as it sank Firth paid out 120 fathoms of line, so that the ship could swing clear of the danger zone. It was his intention to buoy the place so that mine sweepers could remove the menace, but before that could be done there was a terrific explosion which shook the trawler and practically swamped the small boat.

The mine had either bumped on the seabed or been fouled by the gear, for when the warp was hauled again there was nothing but wreckage at the end of it.

### SPRING IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD

A Tonic Medicine is a Necessity at This Season

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an all year round tonic, blood-builder and nerve-restorer. But they are especially valuable in the spring when the system is loaded with impurities as a result of the indoor life of the winter months. There is no other season when the blood is so much in need of purifying and enriching, and every dose of these Pills helps to make new, rich red blood.

In the spring one feels weak and tired—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give strength. In the spring the appetite is often poor, the tone of the stomach and aid weak digestion. It is in the spring that poisons in the blood find an outlet in disfiguring pimples, eruptions, and boils—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills speedily clear the skin because they go to the root of the trouble in the blood.

In the spring anaemia, rheumatism, indigestion, neuralgia, erysipelas and many other troubles are most persistent because of poor, weak blood, and it is at this time when all nature takes on new life that the blood most seriously needs attention. Some people dose themselves with purgatives at this season, but these only further weaken themselves. A purgative merely gallops through the system, emptying the bowels, but it does not cure anything. On the other hand Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood, which reaches every nerve and organ in the body, bringing new strength, new health and vigor to weak, easily tired men, women and children. Try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills this spring—they will not disappoint you.

You can get these health-renewing Pills through any medicine dealer or by mail post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"I believe in giving the devil his due."

"Yes, but you generally overdo it."

**Deafness Cannot Be Cured**

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., TORONTO, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"Remember, the eyes of the nation are on you," exclaimed the constituent.

"I know it," replied Senator Sorghum. "And the nation's getting more acutely discerning every day. The time is gone when a man can assume an impressive pose and get by as an optical illusion."

**Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.**

**Women Offering to Work on Farms**

Women are now offering to take the place of men on Manitoba farms. The provincial department of agriculture has received a number of letters from women residents of Winnipeg, in which the women declare their willingness to help in seeding operations if the farmers are unable to obtain men of their work.

Nettle, aged four, was gazing intently at the visitor's new bonnet.

"Well, dear," asked the lady at last, "what do you think of it?"

"Oh," replied the small observer, "I think it's all right. Aunt Mary told mamma it was a perfect fright, but it doesn't frighten me any."

**Bovril makes other food nourish you**

Bovril makes other foods nourish you. It has a Body-building power proved equal to from 16 to 20 times the amount of Bovril taken.

### The History of Gasoline

At One Time It Was the Infant Terror of the Oil Industry

Gasoline first compelled public attention in the role of the little demon in the kerosene or coal oil lamp. In this capacity it kept the coroner and the insurance adjuster working overtime.

When crude oil was first discovered in the Pennsylvania district the public received it as a cure-all for disease instead of a fuel or an illuminant.

Then it was discovered that by subjecting it to distillation a certain portion of it could be used for lighting purposes, to supplant candles and lamps using whale oil and vegetable oils.

But it was found that a considerable fraction—about twenty per cent.—of this oil had so low a boiling point, was so volatile and explosive, that it was extremely dangerous in lamps. At the sign of the coal oil lamp of that pioneer period fires and explosions were the prevailing program.

It was soon seen by the refiners that if kerosene was to become a popular illuminant, the "light boiling point fraction" must be taken off the top and disposed of in some other way. For a considerable time it was turned into the nearest streams and allowed to dispose of itself by evaporation; but experience proved that this was a decidedly dangerous method of disposal. The refiners were forced to recognize the fact that in some way they must find a legitimate commercial outlet for this volatile fluid, which was so explosive that it could not be dumped without great peril to life and property.

Under the pressure of this economic necessity, about 1875, a man named Hull, who was in touch with the Cleveland refineries, invented a vapor stove which was the father of the gasoline stove of today. For a time this furnished a very considerable outlet. A considerable quantity of gasoline was also consumed at this period in street lamps and out-of-door lighting systems.

About 1903 the motor car with its internal combustion engine, appeared on the scene—just in time to rescue gasoline consumption from a decided setback, due to the fact that gas had come into general use for lighting and heating purposes and was able, on account of its greater cheapness and safety, to push gasoline out of competition to a great extent.

Gasoline has, in short, pushed King Kerosene from the throne. The outcast, the infant terror of the oil industry, has now become the czar of the whole empire of petroleum commerce, and there are few who do not pause at the sign of the garage pump to pay him tribute.—Forrest Crissey in the Saturday Evening Post.

As a vermicide there is no preparation that equals Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It has saved the lives of countless children.

**Doukhobors to Fight**

Ninety Doukhobors of the Yorktown district, Saskatchewan, have joined a local battalion for service in Europe. The religion of this sect is against war and violence in general, and some of its members have been persecuted in the past for their beliefs. The recruits who have taken up arms must be convinced that there is a time when fighting is justified and that time has arrived. The incident also may be an indication that the younger people among the Doukhobors are adopting Canadian ways.—Montreal Gazette.

The big drop in immigration to Canada since the war started is shown in the figures for immigration for 1915 given to the commons by Hon. Dr. Roche, in answer to a question by Mr. E. M. Macdonald, Pictou. The total for the year was only 48,466, as compared with 384,878 for 1913-14 and 462,432 for 1912-13. The volume of immigration now is only about one-eighth of what it was two years ago. Almost all of the new arrivals of last year were from the United States.

Miller's Worm Powders not only make the infantile system untenable for worms, but by their action on the stomach, liver and bowels they correct such troubles as lack of appetite, biliousness and other internal disorders that the worms create. Children thrive upon them and no matter what condition their worm-infested stomachs may be in, they will show improvement as soon as the treatment begins.

**Outshown**

"What is the band playing?"

"See—the Conquering Hero Comes."

"Where is the conquering hero?"

"You cannot see him for the reception committee."

"So you don't believe in advertising, eh?" scornfully remarked the up-to-date business man.

"No, I don't," insisted his sad-eyed neighbor. "I got my wife that way."

### Chest Colds and Hoarseness Quickly Rubbed Away

"Nerviline" Gives Speedy Relief and Cures Over Night

Got a cold? Is your voice raspy—is your chest congested or sore?

If so, you are the very person that Nerviline will cure in a jiffy.

Nerviline is strong and penetrating. It sinks right into the tissues, takes out inflammation and soreness, destroys colds in a truly wonderful way. Rub Nerviline over the chest—rub on lots of it, and watch that tightness disappear. Nerviline won't blister, it sinks in too fast—doesn't simply stay on the surface like a thick, oily liniment would. If the throat is raspy and sore, rub it well outside with Nerviline, and use Nerviline as a gargle, diluted with warm water. Just one or two treatments like this and your voice and throat will be quite normal again.

Just think of it—for forty years the largest used family medicine in this country—Nerviline must be good, must quickly relieve and cure a hundred ills that baffle every family. Try it for earache, toothache, coughs, colds, sore chest, hoarseness and muscular pains in every part of the body. Large family size bottle 50c; trial size 25c at all dealers.

**No Truck With Traitors**

We can have no dealings with Bulgaria or with her Tsar traitor, even should he, as is highly improbable, seriously wish to have dealings with us. The restoration of Serbia to her rightful territory and her union with her southern Slav kindred must, indeed, be essential objects of the allies. These objects preclude any truck with Ferdinand of Cobourg, or with his people, unless they dissociate themselves from him. Even William of Hohenzollern, with all his crimes, is a more reputable sovereign.—London Times.

**Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.**

**Not Missed**

"I used to live in New York," said the man impressively.

"That so," drawled the little man, quietly. "I was there the other day and the town seemed to be getting on all right without you."

No matter how deep-rooted the corn or wart may be, it must yield to Holloway's Corn Cure if used as directed.

**Officer (furiously)—What the dooce is the matter? Where are your shots going?**

**Irish Recruit (nervously)—Sure I dunno, sir. They left 'em all right!**

**Pape—Why, hang it, girl, that fellow only earns nine dollars a week!**

**Pleading Daughter—Yes, but daddy, dear, a week passes so quickly when you're fond of one another.**

### 3,000,000 Bushels Shipped Overseas

8,000,000 Bushels of Commandeered Grain Still in Canada, Says Report

Details of the disposition of the wheat commandeered by the government on November 27th, are contained in returns brought down in the house. A total of 3,314,356 bushels of the wheat has been shipped overseas, leaving 8,198,870 in Canada.

The commandeering was financed by a loan of \$12,000,000 from the Bank of Montreal.

A memorandum included in the return states, "Early in the autumn of 1915 when it became evident that Canada in common with the United States and Australia would have large surpluses of wheat for export, representations were made to the British government with a view to interesting it and allied governments in the purchase from Canada of a generous portion of the large quantities they would undoubtedly require. These representations were successful and on November 23rd, instructions were cabled to the Canadian government by the secretary of state for the colonies to purchase a large quantity, delivery to begin in December and continue over the following months." Of this total of 13,621,896 bushels 10,300,348 were in elevators at the head of the lakes and the remaining three and a quarter millions in eastern elevators.

Of the grain taken over the government loaned 7,500,000 bushels to millers, released \$89,082 bushels to fill an order placed by the French government with the Hudson's Bay Company and for which vessels were waiting or arriving at New York, sold 1,749,715 bushels at commandeered prices, to be replaced at Fort William by January 15th, released 7,500,000 bushels to Ontario millers to keep mills running and fulfill contracts, released conditionally 190,300 bushels commandeered at Fort William and held in the east, released to exporters to fulfill contracts, 4,175,054. Upon grain so released security of ten cents per bushel was taken but was returned when the grain came back. A further amount of 118,449 bushels was sold to make up a shipment by the Belgian relief committee and 75,075 bushels were released to the Scottish Co-operative Wholesale society to complete a contract shipment to be held in store at the request of the British government.

**Stopped**

**First Soldier in the trenches—I was really intended for the church. In fact I was on the point of being ordained last August.**

**Second Soldier—What stopped you, then?**

**First ditto—This d— war.**

**Burglar—The only thing I'm kicking about is bein' identified by a man that kep' his head under the bedclothes the whole time. That's wrong.**



Enforce the Blockade

Admiral Lord Beresford recently wrote:

"If the government had used our sea power as they were legally entitled to do, at the commencement of the war, by instituting an effective blockade, and making all goods entering Germany absolute contraband, the war would now be over. This is acknowledged by the foreign office. Every difficulty and every disaster we have met has been brought about by ourselves through want of foresight. Public agitation and the press have been the means of forcing the government to take up the following questions: Munitions, internment of alien enemies, the Trading with the Enemy Act, placing cotton on the contraband list, the Munitions Act, and the stoppage of German reservists proceeding to Germany. Public agitation will probably compel the government to make a fuller and more efficient use of our sea power, and so end the war."

**Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.**

**Aunt—Willie, don't you want to help me freeze the ice cream?**

**Willie—Naw! I'll wait an' help you thaw it after it's froze.**

**Could Hardly Live for Asthma,**

writes one man, who, after years of suffering, has found complete relief through Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. Now he knows how needless has been his suffering. This matchless remedy gives sure help to all afflicted with asthma. Inhaled as smoke or vapor it brings the help so long needed. Every dealer has it or can get it for you from his wholesaler.

**The Mistress—My last maid was too familiar with the policeman. I hope I can trust you.**

**The Maid—Oh, yes, madam. I can't abear 'em. I've been brought up to 'ate the very sight of 'em. Pa's a burglar.—London Sketch.**

### LET US HELP YOU FIND THE RIGHT OIL

THE right oil in the right place usually costs less because none of it is wasted. Also it saves money by making your machine work more smoothly and last longer.

The Imperial Oil Company makes a special oil exactly suited to every part of every farm machine.

#### STANDARD GAS ENGINE OIL

Recommended by leading builders for all types of internal combustion engines, whether tractor or stationary, gasoline or kerosene. It keeps its body at high temperature, is practically free from carbon, and is absolutely uniform in quality.

#### PRAIRIE HARVESTER OIL

An excellent all-round lubricant for exposed bearings of harvesters and other farm machinery. Stays on the bearings; will not gum or corrode.

#### CAPITOL CYLINDER OIL

The most effective and economical lubricant for steam engine cylinders; proven superior in practical competition with other cylinder oils.

#### ELDORADO CASTOR OIL

A high-grade, thick-bodied oil for lubricating the loose bearings of farm machinery, sawmills and factory shafting.

#### THRESHER HARD OIL

Keeps the cool bearing cool. Does not depend on heat or friction to cause it to lubricate.

**STEEL BARRELS**—All our oils can be obtained in 28-gallon and 45-gallon steel barrels. These barrels save their cost by eliminating leakage. You use every drop you pay for. Clean and convenient.

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## CLOSER RELATIONS WITH BRITAIN AND THE OVERSEAS DOMINIONS

### PLAN WELDING OF THE EMPIRE AFTER THE WAR

Sir Rider Haggard is Making a World Tour With the Object of Investigating the Opportunities for Empire Building at The Conclusion of the War

Sir Rider Haggard has left England on a trip around the world, with a mission from the Royal Colonial Institute to investigate the chances of empire-building after the war. His plan, backed by the institute and its important officials, including Lord Curzon, is to prevent the emigration to foreign countries of soldiers and their families after the war, and to direct steady streams of these war veterans to the British colonies—South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, Canada, and the many insular colonies—thus recruiting the population with a sturdy and intelligent class, and holding them within the British empire.

It is the latest phase of the imperial movement, which seeks to bind together the Mother Country and the overseas dominions into a vast confederacy.

While he is one of the interesting literary figures of England, he is besides a justice of the peace of his home town in Norfolk and a student on land settlement, unemployment, and agriculture, and this qualification led to his choice as commissioner.

He will go first to South Africa, then eastward to the Straits Settlements, Australia, New Zealand, and will be in the United States and Canada next summer or fall, going from the Pacific to the Atlantic.

"I am going to inquire," said Sir Rider, "into the possibilities of the British empire, with reference to land settlement and employment of ex-service men after the war. It is obvious that, during the turmoil and change of conditions resulting from so great a struggle, a large number of men will become dissatisfied with their former employment."

"I am going merely to inquire and report and to form my own conclusions from what I see. That, I think, is a useful work, since it is foolish to put off such investigations till the war ends, when there would be great difficulty in dealing with the matter. Indeed, the problem of land settlement is one which cannot be tackled in a hurry. My conclusions will be embodied in my report to the Royal Colonial Institute, and perhaps in a book on the landed and other resources of the empire." Referring to the class of war veterans who would go out to replenish the colonial empire, Sir Rider said: "Such men as are being considered as possible emigrants would, of course, taken as a whole, be of the very highest class, soldiers and sailors who had been under discipline and shown themselves to possess the best qualities of manhood. Any portion of the colonies should be proud to see such men and their womankind arrive as an addition to their population, and I am quite sure many parts of the empire will welcome them. There is another thing I am sure will result, that the empire will cease to be so fond of admitting Germans and other foreigners within its gates, and will prefer to stick to Anglo-Saxons."

#### Must Be Agreement

There must be commercial agreement between ourselves, the Dominions and the Allies. There is one main weapon which such an agreement would create—tariff arrangements to benefit the products of our friends and to penalize those of our enemies. To a conference designed to form such an agreement Great Britain alone would come with empty hands. She would, under her present fiscal policy, have nothing with which to help the trade of her kinsmen and her friends, nothing with which to harm the trade of her enemies.—London Times.

### From Dream to Reality

Aviation no Longer Considered Experimental, but an Actual Factor in Modern Public Service

Aeroplane mail-carrying is now recognized by the United States Postmaster-General, and makers of aeroplanes and hydroplanes are invited to tender on carrying the mails on some important coast routes. The announced objects of the innovation are the improvement of the service and the development of the science of aviation. One route selected in Southern Massachusetts, from New Bedford across Buzzard's Bay and Nantucket Sound to Nantucket, stopping twice on intervening islands, is about 56 miles. Two hours are allowed for the trip. Thirteen return trips per week are required for the four summer months, and six weekly trips during the remainder of the year. The weight limit is 3,000 pounds, and the hours of starting and arriving are specified. In Alaska there are routes from Valdez to Fairbanks, 358 miles, and from Fairbanks to Tanana, 162 miles, three times a week. A service twice a week is required from Tanana to Kaltag, 381 miles; from Kaltag to Nome, 225 miles, and from Seward to Iditarod, 389 miles. These and other routes, set forth with definiteness as to hours and weights, are subject to tender, the contracts to be awarded when the bids are opened in May and October next.

The definiteness of the departmental demands shows that aviation is no longer regarded as nebulous, experimental, or uncertain, but as an actual factor in modern public services. From the vague stage of scientific inquiry, aerial navigation has become in a few years the subject of governmental tenders by practical men of business. Cost of manufacture and operation is counted with the systematic regularity long established in other carrying services. Fuel consumption, rates of speed, types of construction, and methods of operation are considered with careful regard to detail. The new century has witnessed the conquest of air, but the problem of distributing the products of the growing multitude of useful inventions remains unsolved.—Toronto Globe.

### Mobilize British Women

Big Government Scheme to Care for Agricultural Needs of the Nation

The London Daily News gives some details of the government plans to organize a recruiting campaign for women to till the soil.

It is proposed to issue an armlet to women willing to undertake farm work, and that they will be entitled to wear a special uniform.

Every village will be canvassed by woman's committees, and all who volunteer will be registered and given an armlet and uniform, which consists of a coat, stout boots, skirt and gaiters. Already 250,000 men have been withdrawn from the field of agriculture, and it is anticipated that a further 100,000 will be lost to this occupation. Practically only the sheep herders, ploughmen and others who are indispensable will remain.

It is essential that an army of at least 400,000 women be mobilized.

### A Palace of Salt

Walls of the Mines of Wieliczka Glisten Like Diamonds

In Galicia seven miles from the ancient city of Cracow around which the warring Prussians and Russians are fighting for supremacy, is located the famous salt mine of Wieliczka.

The mine has been actively worked ever since its discovery, almost seven hundred years ago. At the present time the excavations reach a depth of more than a thousand feet.

The descent into the mine is made by shafts and staircases. The latter, being carved entirely of rock salt, sparkle so brilliantly that one feels at each step as though he were treading upon crystal glass. Before reaching the bottom of this great cavern it is necessary to travel over many of these beautiful stairways, for the mine of Wieliczka is divided into three distinct compartments called fields; each field consists of seven stories and each story is made up of several chambers. Some of these chambers are a hundred feet high, a hundred feet long and eighty feet wide. They are left in the process of excavation, and when any addition is required it is built with salt and water. Masses of salt are piled one upon another and water is thrown over them dissolving a portion of the salt, which fills up the crevices. When the water evaporates it leaves a solid mass. Columns of salt are left to support the roof.

As there are no springs at or beyond the air is very dry, and everything is kept in the most perfect state of preservation.

One of the largest chambers is used as a ballroom where gayly dressed men and women glide over the smooth, shining floor to the strains of Strauss's "Beautiful Blue Danube" waltz.

In another chamber the nobles of Austria and their friends sometimes attend banquets. On these occasions, when the light falls upon the walls, ceiling and pillars, the immense room looks like a palace carved out of aquamarine.

But the most wonderful thing in the great salt mine of Wieliczka is the chapel of St. Anthony, where the floor, walls, ceiling, altar, niches, pedestals and statues are all of solid salt, yet everything is so translucent that a torch held behind one of the statues shows light through its thickest part. When the chapel is lighted everything in it sparkles as though studded with countless diamonds.—L. G. Randall, in Harper's Weekly.

### Asked to Stop Using Autos

British Car Owners Appealed to by War Savings Committee

The British government's war savings committee has issued the first of a series of appeals in which it will point out to the people of the country facts regarding various forms of expenditure "which should be checked as wasteful and as absorbing labor that could be put to better use."

The appeal deals with the use of automobiles and motorcycles for pleasure.

"If this form of selfish, thoughtless extravagance is stopped," says the appeal, "millions of pounds will be saved and many workers transferred to more useful channels. We appeal to all owners to consider earnestly whether the use of their cars can be justified by any question of public utility or real necessity."

"We cannot ask the poorer classes to save as long as they see the well-to-do enjoying such expensive luxury."

#### Democracy and the Empire

The old sullen pretence that the working man has no interest in the empire because he has no possessive share in it, dies a natural death in these stirring times, when from the continents there come in their hundreds of thousands men who have nothing to gain by the sacrifice they are making for the empire, but the reward of an approving patriotic conscience. In less dramatic ways, in the infusion into popular education of facts and sentiments and impressions concerning their kinsfolk beyond the sea, the minds of the English people. The task will never be easier than in the days when the remembrances of the war and the great rally of the empire are fresh in the minds of men. We shall then see that even a democracy which in the past has been ill taught concerning the great problem of empire can notwithstanding respond worthily to the invitation to recognize its place in the great inheritance.—The Times of India.

#### Raises Alcohol Tax

The Austrian government has raised the tax on alcohol eight cents a litre, making the third increase since the beginning of the war. The tax now amounts to fifty cents a litre. The Austro-Hungarian government has agreed to increase the pay of army officers twenty per cent after the conclusion of the war.

Why angleworms were invented is no mystery to the small boy.

### Are Busy Making Zeppels

One or Two Big Aircraft Are Turned Out Each Week on Swiss Border

The Berlin papers publish stories of the Zeppelin development from a Swiss source, according to which thousands of expert mechanics employed at the Friedrichshafen works turn out one or two airships every week. The trial flights over Lake Constance neighborhood never cease and the noise of the motors which are tested daily and nightly at the great Mauthach Motor Works may be plainly heard far into Switzerland. The Zeppelin trial flights are now like military manoeuvres. The shape of the airship has undergone a great change since the first types appeared. It is much longer and slenderer, two gondolas hang lower, and no connecting gangway is visible, but is probably hidden within the vast body.

The gondolas are armor plated and carry at least six machine guns and several larger pieces of artillery. The platform formerly noticed on top of the balloon, has disappeared.

The airships show a metallic shine extending over one-fifth of the whole body. Evidently the envelope or parts of it are metallized by a newly discovered process. The steering apparatus is much simplified and reduced in size, while the motors are greatly enlarged.

Interesting descriptions of the warlike manoeuvres of the Zeppelins are given; their ability of ascending, descending and turning having been astonishingly improved. Not even the noise of the motors can drown the sharp crack of machine guns rattling away, thousands of feet over the lake. Sometimes an airship suddenly disappears entirely in a cloud of vapor emanating from its own body. If the atmosphere is the least foggy the airship becomes absolutely invisible. Therefore it is not surprising that the English fliers have failed to discover them. Only the brightest moonlight may reveal an airship at night, while sudden darts from its own powerful searchlights make concealment impossible. There is much discussion about the new aerial torpedoes which are said to be destined to play an important part in the next raids.

### An American View

The U.S. Needs the Friendship of England and France

F. H. Taylor, of the University of Pittsburgh, writing to the editor of the New York Times, says:

The president has announced he is ready to fight to preserve the full liberties of American trade, and Congressmen Mann says he considers war with England more probable than war with Germany.

Have these leaders stopped to think of the consequences of a war with the entente? If the present war is carried to a conclusion it can only end with the destruction of the German navy and the Krupp works, and we know that the czar expects it to last two or three years longer. The square miles of factories which are continually being added to the Russian and English munitions plants are based on this calculation. When peace comes in Europe the entente and Japan will probably have 15,000,000 men under arms and they would welcome a quarrel which would lessen their debts by \$40,000,000,000. It would be easier for Great Britain to operate in New England than at Saloniki or Suez. Each of the four European powers could land 200,000 men every ten days, while Japan, with her standing army of 1,000,000 and her population over 71,000,000, all trained by the German system, could operate from Hawaii and employ an indefinite number.

If I were an Englishman I would favor such a war. By remaining silent during the invasion of Belgium the American government has shown approval of a nation going out for plunder, or a "place in the sun," so why should not Englishmen do it? The allies have been far less ruthless in modifying international law than we were fifty years ago, and have done nothing which could not be explained by precedent or a worse act on the part of the Germans, yet we have written them a note after note, and always about American dollars. When the Germans strewed floating mines over the North Sea we said never a word, but when England warned us of the danger we shouted, "England has closed the North Sea to American trade!" If the good-will of Germany means the ill-will of the allies, then it is a luxury we cannot afford.

Never was the Republic in greater danger, and safety lies not in our feeble attempts at preparedness, but in the friendship of the French and English people. There is no time to lose, because public opinion in those countries must not be allowed to crystallize against us.

With the development of the age we cradle neither grain nor babies any longer.

## PLANS TO LEND ASSISTANCE TO BELGIUM SAID TO BE A FAILURE

### SIR EDWARD GREY GIVES THE REASONS FOR THIS

British Government Cannot Agree That Belgian Industries Can Be Maintained, While Germany Continue to Drain The Country of Its Resources

The plan of aiding Belgium to feed herself by rehabilitating the industries of the country under control of the American commission for relief in Belgium, has failed, according to a letter written by Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, to M. Hyman, the Belgian minister at London, because the Germans thus far have failed to reply to the request for guarantees that raw materials and manufactured goods will not be seized by the occupying armies.

The American relief commission some time ago proposed that certain kinds of non-contraband raw materials should be permitted to pass through the British blockade into Belgium, goods manufactured from them to be re-exported. It was proposed that the balance of trade thus created in favor of Belgium should be invested in food, thus putting the population so far as possible upon a self-supporting basis, and at the same time checking the growing demoralization due to long unemployment. Sir Edward Grey's letter to the Belgian minister follows: "Dear Minister,—During the last few months you have represented to me frequently the condition of industries in that part of Belgium occupied by the enemy and the need for import of raw material, if those industries were to be saved from ruin and universal unemployment and distress prevented."

"I now enclose a memorandum which shows the true state of the case. I should add that the question here dealt with is entirely distinct from the importation of foodstuffs into Belgium by the relief committee, as to which the attitude of his majesty's government remains that recently stated to parliament—that the government will facilitate the work of the commission as long and insofar as the work is carried on under adequate neutral supervision completely independent of German control, and in compliance with conditions laid down from time to time by his majesty's government. (Signed) "E. GREY."

The memorandum referred to by Sir Edward Grey is in part as follows:

"It is understood that there is a strong feeling among the Belgians that the industrial distress of Belgium is to be attributed solely to the action of the allied governments in preventing imports, and it often contented that this action does not appreciably harm Germany, while it involves a most painful loss to the people of our ally."

The memorandum then explains that the British government cannot agree that Belgian industry can be maintained in the present circumstances without a very considerable benefit to Great Britain's enemies and without involving a postponement of Belgian independence.

But the government, it says, is fully impressed with the necessity of supporting the Belgian population. For this reason it has supported the commission for relief in Belgium and permitted export trade from Belgium under certain conditions. Also for this reason, the memo adds, the government some months ago asserted its willingness to consider proposals for the importation of raw materials into Belgium through the agency and under the guarantees of the relief commission.

"The undertakings demanded from the Germans in connection with this scheme," the memo continues, "were simple. They were to permit the free importation of raw materials and the export of manufactured goods made from such materials through the relief commission. They were to respect

and make free from all embargo or requisition any stocks of similar raw materials or manufactured goods still remaining in the country. They were, in general, to treat any factory thus supplied by the commission as enjoying the same privileges and immunity as one of the commissions warehouses."

The plan was submitted to the German authorities at Brussels by the relief commission four months ago, but although inquiries were made no reply of any kind was received from the Germans.

The memo then accuses the Germans of a deliberate plan not to enter into any agreement of the proposed kind until they have taken the last ounce of native stocks of raw materials or manufactured goods which can be of use to them, and till they have been able to create such widespread destitution as to force a requisite amount of Belgian labor to emigrate to Germany or take employment in Belgian works controlled by them for their own purposes."

"Should these objects be gained," continues the memo, "they will doubtless express readiness to make an arrangement, so that the country, once it is fully drained of its resources, may be restocked. Before that time has arrived this German policy should, therefore, be fully exposed."

#### To Fit the Nation

The following story is going the rounds of the European papers:

A German and a Dane met recently in Schiller's house in Weimar. As they stood gazing reverently on the scene the German, swelling with pride, remarked to his fellow visitor:

"So this is where our national poet, Schiller, lived."

"Fardon me," said the other; "not national, but international."

"How so?" asked the German, with surprise.

"Why consider his works," the Dane replied. "He wrote 'Mary Stuart' for the English, 'The Maid of Orleans' for the French, 'Emmeline' for the Dutch, 'William Tell' for the Swiss—"

"And what did he write for the Germans, pray?" broke in the other. Pat came the Dane's answer:

"For the Germans he wrote 'The Robbers.'—New York Tribune.

#### "Frightfulness" Has Failed

What is the object of frightfulness? Obviously to frighten, to weaken, to create awe of the frightener. But the Germans must know by this time that their campaign of frightfulness has not terrified the people of England. Nobody there has proposed that the war be given up because of what future marauding Zeppelins may do. The country goes calmly about its business, exactly as if Zeppelins did not exist, and the only sentiment inspired by the Kaiser's dirigibles is one of indignation and loathing. Making war on women and children is what they call it in England.—Providence Journal.

#### Wise Boy

"Now, Johnnie," the teacher queried, "what would you do if you had a goose that laid golden eggs?" "I'd set her on some of the eggs," replied the youngster, "and hatch out more eggs of the same kind."

#### Incorporate Daughters of Empire

Application will be made to parliament to incorporate the "Imperial Order of Daughters of the Empire and the Children of the Empire," for patriotic purposes.

## Locating German Oil Supplies

Ruses Adopted by the Enemy to Supply Their Submarines With Necessary Fuel.

Remarkable ruses are adopted by the enemy to supply his submarine with fuel and stores according to a special correspondent in the "Scotsman."

In the Mediterranean, he says, the enemy has not been able to maintain the measure of success he achieved at first, and there is evidence that against the ships of war there as in the North Sea, he is now almost helpless. It is on record that an enemy submarine was a spectator of an important phase of the final departure from the Gallipoli Peninsula of the allied forces, but there were risks involved in an attempt to interfere with the operations, and the submarine took no risks.

Something of the care which had been bestowed by Germany upon peace-time preparations for the war at sea may be realized from an incident in which two vessels of our County class were on duty in the North Sea, out from the eastern edge of the Dogger Bank. Quite a lively time was experienced on one of the ships when in the distance was seen an object which appeared to be a periscope on a very calm sea. The sighting ship was about to warn her neighbor when from the latter vessel also the suspicious object was seen.

A pretty game at once developed between the two ships. It was a game which had been fatal to submarines of the enemy before, but on this occasion the prospective victim was unresponsive. The supposed periscope remained where it had first appeared, despite the wiles of the cruisers.

The uncertainty did not last very long, and as soon as it was realized that, whatever the object was, it certainly was not a periscope, there was an examination by launch and the young naval officer in charge of the examining party received what

was perhaps the greatest surprise of his career.

The object which had sent the cruisers on a merry dance was a very unpretentious buoy made in Germany. It was hauled aboard the launch, and the light tackle which held it was carefully gathered in.

Then came, swirled in seaweed, heavier tackle which had lain on the ocean floor, and with the heavier tackle came the surprise. Running gear, devised and shackled with great ingenuity was set free, and the launch crew hauled away happily.

Up to the surface above a great steel tank, and as its crusted top threw off the load of water with a sidelong heave, a voice from the launch remarked, it is said, "What price the Great Eastern!"

There was found one of the first petrol supply depots set under the sea whilst we were wrangling over domestic affairs, for the use of an enemy who had no thought of war!

The tank was carefully examined, and the surprise occasioned by its discovery was no greater than the respect evoked by the skill displayed in its construction. Without difficulty, and in complete safety, the U-boats could draw oil fuel from the store, either by bringing it to the surface or by submerging beside it. There was provision for compensation by weight of water for petrol withdrawn.

A single shot, from a light gun smashed the tank to atoms, and the oil that spread over the surface of the sea was not the last film of oil which from such a source floated far to puzzle the mariners and raise strange tales.

Every dog has his day, though some of them should be given thirty days.

## Experts on Marketing Eggs

Good Advice for Farmers and Poultry Breeders on an Important Subject.

Co-operation in marketing eggs and dressed poultry were the subjects before the Poultrymen's convention held at Winnipeg recently. The addresses were practical and many questions were asked and answered.

R. J. Allen, of the Dominion department of agriculture's poultry branch, spoke on co-operation. He thought local problems should be met first. The war had opened an opportunity to Canadian poultrymen to get a fair share of the British egg market.

The Canadian egg occupied fourth place on the British market. The order was Danish, Dutch, Irish and Canadian.

Mr. Allen said that the Canadian egg should stand second at least. There were causes for the Canadian egg falling down in the export trade. The cause was found in that the producer had no incentive for making him anxious to produce a good egg. The country merchants and egg dealers gave the farmer no extra price for extra good eggs. He got as much for a poor egg as a good one. The farmer usually received trade and did not know what he really got. Any system which would remedy the matter meant a change in marketing and a price according to quality. The proposed poultry stations, for co-operative egg handling and poultry fattening, would attempt to solve the problem.

Mr. Allen explained how co-operative associations would be formed for egg marketing. A central grade station would be necessary, which would have to be located in Winnipeg, and the manager of which would make returns to shippers.

Mr. Allen said that no province in the Dominion was producing poorer eggs than Manitoba. It was folly to send poor eggs to London in an at-

tempt to capture the British market. The war had given Canadian poultrymen an opportunity to get a foothold in the English market, but they had to send classy stuff. John Bull turned up his nose at inferior eggs.

Just now Manitoba was importing eggs from St. Louis, Mo. They brought 20¢ cents per dozen here in carload lots. The bottom had fallen out of the United States market and these St. Louis eggs were good value at the money. They were April product and of good class.

Mr. Allen said that if the egg trade was left in the hands of the local storekeepers and the wholesale merchants there would never be any marked improvement.

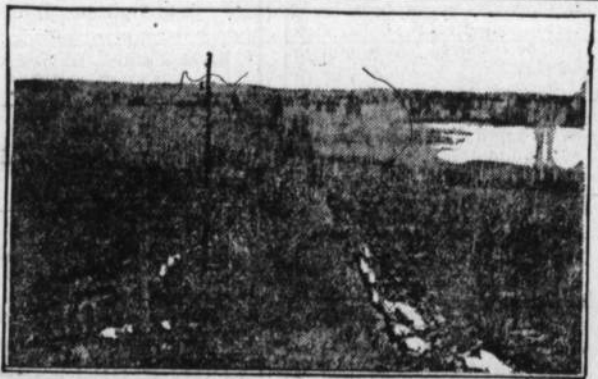
Mr. Allen said the co-operative associations could also handle dressed poultry.

Prof. R. K. Baker, of Saskatoon, spoke on the co-operative marketing of poultry. Manitoba had a large city with a cold storage system. Alberta had two cities and a cold storage system. Saskatchewan had not as large cities or as good facilities. The farmers had been advised to hold their eggs in the summer and preserve them for their own use later on, or for the early winter market.

The prairie provinces were not growing any poultry products which could be allowed to waste. Local market was the best possible market if not glutted. It could be fed the year around with profit, but every body killed and tried to market poultry at the same time.

Prof. Baker told of the killing stations operated last year by the Saskatchewan department. The farmers had good satisfaction, generally speaking. The scheme was only begun. Next fall it was hoped to equip a number of freight cars and run them over the lines of railway

## Protecting the Young Forests



A fire-guard cut across a section of a Dominion Forest Reserve. There is not much timber in sight, but considerable young growth is coming on and requires careful guarding from fire.



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## The Spring Fire-Peak.

If the forest fire danger were represented by a line rising and falling as the danger increased or decreased there would be a sharp rise or 'peak' in the few weeks after the winter snow leaves the woods. This is so much the case that the term 'spring fires' is well known to every forester. The ground is dry, the dead leaves are sapless and tindery, and the least spark may start a fire that will sweep whole miles of forest. All who go to the woods are cautioned to see that they are especially careful to put out completely their camp fires and to see that no fires start from matches, pipes, cigar stubs or fire arms.

Canada has many fire guardians on duty at this season, but if these rules are observed much more lumber will be saved than can be saved through the most strenuous efforts of fire fighters. The time to stop a forest fire is before it starts.

Canada is in a war that is taxing her resources, and every patriotic citizen will do all he can to prevent the enemy being helped by the destruction of Canadian resources.

## Forming a Town Band

During the past few days there was to have been a meeting for the purpose of forming a band. If we are not mistaken this is not the first meeting that has been called for this purpose, but on future occasions the affair has never gone beyond the initial rally and one or two spasmodic attempts at practice before it broke up, and nothing further happened.

This time however we appear to be on the right path. Interest is not wanting, and there is among the chosen few a leaven of old players, which will greatly help the project.

Notwithstanding this there is no plain sailing ahead; nothing but hard work and lots of it, and before there is any gleam of result there is a period of steady application before the members.

We trust, however, that the project will carry through successfully, for the need of a band in the district is unquestioned. Heretofore it has always been a case of hiring a band and that is a lot of expense, and if we can give the money to our own organization in future we shall be so much ahead. And there will be a lot of work outside the town for the band, as other towns on the line are in need of one from time to time, one band in the district having been broken up recently. If the members of the band get down to hard work and set their minds on making a success of the venture there is no doubt of their achieving a good deal.

## The Ratepayers Meeting

The business for which the ratepayers meeting was called last Friday evening, the municipal ownership of the rinks, was soon settled, and after that the meeting, at the invitation of the chairman, Mr. Spooner, drifted into a free and easy discussion of the affairs of the town. Any matter which any of those present thought relevant for discussion could be brought up, and in this way the ratepayers wandered through practically the whole gamut of the affairs of the town from the recent cleaning-up order to the lighting of the streets;

the fire protection to the pound bylaw.

Thus it was that the council came into direct contact with the ideas of those who are paying the taxes to have the work done, and although the discussion was informal, the chairman remarked that much of what was discussed would be taken up at the meeting of the council.

The meeting clearly showed one thing; that the ratepayers are interested in the work of the council. It was no doubt a benefit for the ratepayers to have the opportunity of airing their views on various matters, and it was equally satisfactory for the members of the council to have those views expressed. Such meetings have a good effect all round, for there the council are able to explain many things which may appear obscure and meetings of a similar description a little oftener would be both beneficial and helpful.

## Canada at War

Canada, in common with the rest of the Empire, has raised the greatest of her armies for the present struggle, and as to how her men have earned the undying laurels of fame on the battlefield will take many years to tell. But for the present there is a medium through which Canadians may learn of the doings of the gallant soldiers, and it is one of the best mediums anyone could read. 'Canada in Flanders' by Sir Max Aitken, the official eyewitness, has recently been issued. It covers the doings of the Canadians for about the first year of warfare, and there one may read of the heroism of battalion and individual.

The story of the first year of war is told simply and without much colouration. Sir Max Aitken takes his readers to the trenches, shows us how the soldiers live; renders us sensible of the great national spirit of our troops by describing their celebration on the first Dominion Day in France, and in the first part of the book we see the men as some great organized family. But this is not all, for shortly the writer takes the reader through the terrible battles of Ypres and St. Julien, and there we see in action the men who a few minutes before we saw celebrating with games the Dominion holiday.

From these engagements the writer has taken many of the individual acts of bravery and has set them in his pages, and one realizes how little, after all, there is in the newspaper reports, of what our boys are doing for our security.

The book is one well worth reading by every Canadian, and as the work, of which this is the first volume, is to be added to as time goes on, the whole will make a collection of which every Canadian will have just cause to be proud.

## A Banker's Prophecy

The 'London Financial News', a reliable newspaper, is responsible for the publication of the following story.

An English army officer was starting for the front last year. He called at his bank to settle up certain affairs before departing.

"You'll be back soon with a wounded hand", said the bank manager. He was.

His wound healed, the officer made ready to go back to the front. Meeting the bank manager, he enquired "Any more predictions?"

"You'll be gone longer this time," said the manager, "and when you do return, it will be with quite a bad wound in the leg."

This also happened. The officer was much surprised. Hunting up the banker, he enquired, "Since you know so much, why can't you tell me when the war will end?"

"It will end," said the manager "on June 17th, 1916, but I shan't live to see it. I'll just about live until New Year's day and not much more." He died on January the second.

# TWO BIG SPECIALS

50 Cent Ties  
25 Cts

Just Arrived for This Special

ORANGES: While they last. Large size, 150s,  
Special per dozen - - - 35c  
Per case - - - 3.75

## H. W. REEVES

VULCAN, - - - ALBERTA

## Prelude Wheat For SALE

Price  
Per Bushel  
\$2.00

Guy Walker  
Massey-Harris  
Implements  
Vulcan, Alberta

## Individual Tailoring

The Latest Spring  
and Summer Patterns

Style, Fit and Satisfaction  
GUARANTEED

GENT'S  
Made-to-Measure Suits  
from \$20 up

LADIES'  
Made-to-Measure Suits  
from \$25 up

Call and Inspect Our Stock

PETER GILLESPIE  
VULCAN, ALBERTA

## The Churches

Rev. D. K. Allan, Pastor; Mr. H. F. Richardson, Supt. Sunday School; F. A. Elves, Clerk of Session; R. L. Elves, Clerk of Managers.

Morning Service 11 a.m., Sunday School 2.30 p.m.; Evening Service 7.30 p.m. Services held in the Masonic Hall

Ladies Aid meets last Thursday of each month. Mrs. F. A. Elves, President; Mrs. W. F. Jennerjohn, Vice-President; Mrs. D. K. Allan, Secretary; Mrs. A. M. Trail, Treasurer.

## Lodge: Directory

VULCAN LODGE No. 74, A. F. & A. M. G. R. A. Regular meeting on the Tuesday or before the full moon. Lodge of instruction two weeks before regular meeting. Visiting brothers welcome.

D. K. Allen, W. M.  
D. C. Jones, Secretary.

## I. O. O. F. SAMARITAN LODGE

No. 91, VULCAN, ALBERTA. Lodge meets every Wednesday, at 8.00 p.m. Visiting brothers welcome. Wm. Ritchie, N. G. G. M. Whiche, Sec'y

## Clarence Davis Auctioneer

Live Stock and Farm  
Sales a Specialty

Champion, Alberta

See Arthur Mitchell & Co., Vulcan, or  
Phone 204, Champion, for dates.

## AUCTIONEER H. E. ELVES

Provincial Licence  
P. O. Box No. 51 Vulcan

## A. R. BOND

BRAND READER

Eastway.

Owner of horses branded on Left  
Shoulder

## THE Lineham Lumber Co.

LIMITED

Vulcan - - - Alberta

## Lumber

Slabs, Firewood, Windows, Doors  
and Finish

Get our Prices.

JOHN DEWIE, REPRESENTATIVE

## Homestead Regulations

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except when residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$5.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,  
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.  
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.  
—64388

## B. C. RESTAURANT

Ice Cream

Meals served at all hours  
Ice Cream, Cigars, Tobaccos, Soft  
Drinks, Candies, Fruit.

VULCAN - - - ALBERTA



**Unreserved  
AUCTION SALE**  
A Carload of  
**HEAVY MARES**  
weighing 1200 to 1400  
will be sold at  
**PAISLEY'S LIVERY  
BARN  
LOMOND**  
on  
**APRIL 22nd**  
Terms Cash  
**GEO. PARKER,**  
Owner  
**H. E. ELVES, Auct.**

## GOLD COIN POTATO RECOMMENDED BY EXPERIMENTAL FARM

Free Samples Will Be Sent to Farmers Who Want to  
Grow Good Potatoes By Applying to Lethbridge  
Experimental Station.

Over 24 varieties of potatoes have been tested at the Lethbridge Experimental Station for the past eight years on both irrigated and dry land. During this period the same variety has not always been found at the head of the list, there have, however, been a few kinds that have never fallen very far from the top. Out of these the Gold Coin has been selected as the one that has been the most consistent performer of them all.

In addition to being a heavy yielder under the various conditions that have prevailed during the past eight seasons it has been found to be excellent in appearance. It has a white skin shallow eyes and is regular and uniform in shape. It is a good keeper and has, we think, even better cooking qualities in the spring than when first dug in the fall.

The Green Mountain and McKinley are merely the Gold Coin under different names. The Wee MacGregor so closely resembles the Gold Coin that it is quite possible that one variety may be a selection from the other.

During the past few seasons the Lethbridge Experimental Station has been distributing the Gold Coin to the exclusion of all other varieties, first we do not know of a better variety to use as a general cropper and second, because we realize that there is a distinct advantage to the farmers if the potato crop in any district can be standardized the same as is our wheat. The result of the Station's campaign in favour of one variety has been felt in the trade this winter. Some dealers have been very outspoken in their praise of the improved condition of the potatoes now coming on the market. On account of the one variety predominating it is much easier for them to get a straight car of one grade. Several cars of Gold Coin potatoes grown in Southern Alberta reached Toronto this year and in every case that we have heard of the Toronto dealers were well satisfied and

often wrote back ordering more of the same kind.

To make it possible for all farmers in Southern Alberta who are not already growing this variety the Dominion Experimental Station at Lethbridge is prepared to send a three pound bag of Gold Coin potatoes by mail gratis to those who apply.

In districts where an extra early variety of potatoes is required the station is prepared to send a sample bag of Irish Cobbler. This is a very good producing variety, sometimes yielding even as much as the Gold Coin. It has a white skin but the eyes are not quite so shallow nor is the potato quite so regular in shape as is the Gold Coin.

Taking everything into account we consider the Irish Cobbler the best extra early variety to grow, but for the main crop, except in districts where the season is too short, we recommend the Gold Coin.

### Blackie-Lomond Road Extension

A delegation, composed of twenty Queenstown farmers had a conference with Grant Hall, the vice-president of the C. P. R., at Calgary a couple of weeks ago in regard to the Lomond-Blackie road extension. The meeting had been arranged by C. R. Mitchell, the member for the Bow Valley constituency.

Mr. Hall gave the delegation a fair hearing. He said that the company had decided not to do any new construction work this year, but that chances would be good for next year.—Gleichen Call.

### Placing Aliens on Farms

With a view toward providing for the labour shortage, Major-General Sir Wm. Otter, of Toronto, who has jurisdiction over the Dominion internment camps, is now making preparations for the placing of alien enemies, if there is call for help from farmers. Among the number selected would be those aliens whose conduct would justify their being allowed their liberty. Aside from placing them on farms throughout the Dominion employment could be given on construction of the proposed military road between Brandon and Sewell camp.

## SPRING WORK

Spring work is commencing this week. Are you prepared, is your machinery just what you want for the work?

Whatever your wants may be, we can fill them. Save money and time by having the best and most adaptable.

DRILLS: McCormick and Deering.  
PLOUGHS: "P & O" and Oliver.  
DISC HARROWS: McCormick and Deering.

International Harvester  
Company

**G. E. HENRY**

Office Phone 23. Residence 54  
Vulcan, Alberta

## VILLAGE OF VULCAN

### Ratepayers Meeting NOTICE

A meeting of the Ratepayers will be held in the Masonic Hall, Vulcan, on Friday evening, April 7th, 1916, at 8 p. m.

Business: Considering the building of a skating and curling rink.

Council of Vulcan, A. J. Flood, Secretary-Treasurer.

### NOTICE

#### Village of Vulcan

NOTICE is hereby given that the back yards and alleys at the rear of all property in the village must be cleared of all refuse and garbage on or before Monday, May 1st, otherwise the Bylaw will be enforced.

Council of the Village of Vulcan,  
A. J. FLOOD, Secretary-Treasurer

### FOR SALE

FOR SALE, CHEAP—One section raw land, about 9 miles from Vulcan, excellent mixed farming, all fenced, easy terms, Flood & Whitcher, Vulcan, Alberta.

### Runabout For Sale

One Hupp runabout for sale. See Chester Wallace at Terwilliger's elevator.

### For Sale

Good Seed Potatoes, fine for cooking. Apply to A. G. DICKINSON, Vulcan, 14

### Piano For Sale

Good Goulay Piano, in good condition. Apply Advocate Office.

### FOR SALE

As I am giving up dairying I am offering 10 head of milk cows, 1 fresh others to calve about March and April; 5 2 1/2 year old heifers to calve soon. All of good milk strain. Terms cash or bankable note to Nov. 1, 1916, bearing 8 per cent. interest. J. B. Dew, Vulcan.

FOR SALE—A few good work horses for sale. Some broken. Terms arranged. E. M. HOLLISTER, Vulcan.

### TO RENT



CHAMBERS—In the Bank of Hamilton Block, suitable for professional men, or as rooms for bachelors. \$8, steam heated, electric lighted. Apply Manager, Bank of Hamilton, Vulcan.

### BARN FOR RENT




Barn with big hay loft, will hold 6 to 7 horses. Apply at Advocate Office.


WANTED—Position as housekeeper in the country. Apply to Mrs. W. L. Seaman, Vulcan.

### ESTRAY

On N-E 12-16-25, one black gelding, about 17 hands high, weight about 1400 lbs., age about 8 years old. Branded on right thigh  and  on right shoulder. Gentle. GEO. TODD, Brand Reader, Vulcan. 31-3t

### Suitable Reward

ESTRAY—From the Berrywater district:  
1 sorrel saddle horse, branded  on left thigh.  
1 chestnut mare, branded  on left shoulder.  
6 colts, branded on right shoulder   
C. F. NOBLE, Hearnleigh, P. O.

ESTRAY—From J. F. Dole's farm, 5 miles east of Vulcan, 1 brown mare, age 3 years. Branded  on right shoulder. \$10 reward for information leading to recovery. E. M. WOOTERS, Reid Hill.

No. 1  
**Timothy Hay**

Always on hand

**For Sale**

**Vulcan Livery**  
R. E. DODDS, Prop.

## GRAIN DRILLS FOR SALE

Two McCormick 22 disc grain drills, nearly new, \$75.00 each. One second - hand Deering 20 disc drill for \$35.00. Terms arranged.

**E. M. HOLLISTER,**  
10-16-55 31-4

### DRESSMAKING

Miss Gawley, dressmaker, is at the Bank of Hamilton chambers and will be pleased to meet the ladies of the district who require spring and summer dresses. Moderate prices. 33-4

## Money to Loan

I have money to loan on well improved farm lands, on easy terms. Farmers note that no life insurance is required in this preposition. For particulars see A. M. TRAIL, Bank of Hamilton.

## J. HARRIS & CO.

### Employment Agent

CALGARY and LETHBRIDGE  
If you are in need of farm help phone the above. Calgary M 4455, or Lethbridge 1412.

## ROYAL CAFE

Meals at all Hours  
Ice Cream  
Fruits, Soft Drinks, Candies,  
Tobaccos, Cigars, Cigarettes  
Jang Lin, Proprietor

## Before You Buy Your

**Fanning Mill**  
or **Sleigh**

Call around and inspect our stock.

"Foston" and "Winner" fanning mills and John Deere and Tudhope - Anderson sleighs.

These bear  
Inspection

**Vulcan Co-Operative Ltd.**

VULCAN ALBERTA

We are Shipping HOGS  
on Wednesday, April 12

## Announcement!

I have taken over the entire stock of Messrs. ELVES BROS. General Merchants, and I shall endeavour to keep the store up to its state of high proficiency in **Service to the Public** and respectfully solicit your trade.


From week to week I shall use this medium of keeping you advised on our large stock, which will be of the highest grade and most reasonable prices.

**E. E. MacINTOSH**

VULCAN

:-:

ALBERTA



## BANK OF HAMILTON

ESTABLISHED 1872

### ECONOMY

It is not as easy to acquire the saving habit as to learn extravagance. The incentive to economize is now very real. Open a savings account at the Bank of Hamilton. Interest allowed on deposits of One Dollar and upward.

**BANK OF HAMILTON**  
A. M. TRAIL, MANAGER

Capital Authorized \$5,000,000  
Capital Paid-up \$3,000,000  
Surplus \$3,475,000



## LADY URSULA'S HUSBAND

—BY—  
FLORENCE WARDEN

Word, Lock & Co., Limited  
TORONTO

(Continued)

Indeed, the change of atmosphere was so great as to be startling, not only to the salient Ursula, but also to the more frivolous Emmeline.

Mr. and Mrs. Oare-Jackson were parvenues, Scotch by birth, but American by long years of residence, and they had now for some years been doing their very best to forget both these facts, and to establish themselves as English country people.

But although their only son, now a young man of twenty-six, had been for three years at Oxford, and although two out of their three daughters had four husbands in the English upper class, these young people had left their parents a long way behind them.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Oare-Jackson retained what they had been from the first, rather pathetic figures in their own luxurious home, overflowing as it always was with a crowd of people of a somewhat miscellaneous sort, upon some of whom their hosts looked askance, although neither had the courage openly to avow their vague secret disapproval.

The house party whom Viscount Eastling and his sisters found at Oare Court was a particularly varied one.

There was the son, Hugo, a fair-haired, light-eyed, slim young man who looked so much less than his six-and-twenty years that he was permitted an extraordinary freedom of speech, as if he had been the boy he still looked.

And there were the Jacksons' three daughters, with their husbands. All the daughters were typically American, ready of speech, easy to interest, inclined to underrate the amenities of the country of their adoption, by comparison with those of the land of their birth.

One of the three was pretty; this was Mrs. Fitch, the only one of the family who had married an American. Henry Fitch, her husband, was a big, broad-shouldered, good-humoured-looking man, deep of voice, frank of manner, on the whole engaging, although he was referred to, and indeed he referred to himself rather as a shocking example, than as a specimen of what a man ought to be.

The husbands of the other two daughters, Sir Jocelyn Barkway and the Honorable Almaric Finchden, were unfavorable representatives of the British aristocracy, good shots, good riders, quite decorative, but self-centred and barren of ideas.

They had apparently married for money, and did not take sufficient pains to hide the fact.

The rest of the party consisted chiefly of men, old variety friends of Hugo; and there was one who stood out from all the rest by reason of his good looks, and of a certain air of languor and a pallor which made him interesting in the eyes of the ladies.

He was introduced to Lady Ursula as Mr. Paul Payne, and was the friend of Henry Fitch, who had brought him to the house, by permission of his hosts.

Lady Ursula, who was an enthusiastic sick nurse, was struck by the extreme delicacy of Mr. Payne's appearance. Tall, dark and very handsome, Paul Payne looked about thirty-two or three years of age, and would probably, she thought, have looked less than that but for the waxlike pallor of his complexion, and she found out that he had only recently recovered from typhoid, and this circumstance added to the interest she frankly took in him, as the only man in the party who looked like the men of her own class.

She was surprised to learn, in conversation with him, that Mr. Payne was an American.

"I should have thought you a typical Englishman," she said.

"Is that a compliment, I wonder?" asked Paul Payne, in that pleasant musical voice of his, as he tried to look with his own handsome dark eyes into the candid blue ones of his neighbor.

Lady Ursula did not smile. She took the question seriously.

"I suppose I am prejudiced," she said simply. "But I think my own countrymen the best in the world."

Her tone was so frank, her words were so innocently spoken, that Paul Payne forgot to follow up his commonplace question with more of the same sort. He found himself talking to the dignified, madonna-like lady not as he talked to other women, with playful banter, half compliment, half teasing, but simply, straightforwardly, giving her details as frankly as she asked for them, and feeling himself surprised at the pleasure he took in the conversation of a lady whom he had at first looked upon as too austere.

## Wrinkles are a CONFESSION

Advancing years are first realized by the change that becomes noticeable in the complexion. If you pay attention to the first, almost imperceptible, lines, how easy it is to avoid the unsightly wrinkles that surely follow. Wrinkles are a confession to Father Time. The skin must be kept firm and smooth by proper attention and treatment.

"USIT" is a skin food and wrinkle chaser. It builds up firm, elastic tissues, removes wrinkles, fills out depressions, prevents dryness of skin caused by excessive winds, and restores to your complexion that fine appearance of freshness and youth.

"USIT" is put up in handsome opal bottles, and until the Drug Stores in Canada are completely stocked, we are filling mail orders. Accept no substitute.

Send 50c to-day for trial bottle, sufficient for six weeks' use. We pay postage to any address in Canada.

Unit Manufacturing Company, Limited  
Department A, 478 Renfrew Avenue, Toronto, Ontario

W. M. U. 1098

# CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY

10 CENTS PER PLUG

## The Importance of Clean Land

Address by Prof. Bedford on the Subject of Clean Land for Producing Clean Seed

There are several reasons why land intended for seed production should be as free as possible from weeds.

Weeds absorb soil moisture, an abundance of which is one of the essentials in the production of large yields of grain. This is particularly true when speaking of the western provinces, for our rainfall is somewhat limited, and we need it all. Without sufficient soil moisture the plant will lack vigor, the straw will be short, the ear under-sized and not well filled, insufficient moisture will also reduce the size of the kernel and lessen its weight per bushel.

The amount of water absorbed and given off by the leaves is somewhat remarkable. One authority says that one weed plant an inch in diameter at the base, and having a leaf surface of about 59 square feet, has been known to transfer through its leaves one pound four ounces of water in 24 hours. Another writer says an average mustard plant pumps from the soil about 14 ounces of water per day, and a sunflower may absorb 33 ounces in one day.

Weeds injure the grain by crowding; all living plants must have a certain amount of space for the circulation of air and moisture, and to be open to the life-giving warmth and light of the sun. When crowded, even among themselves, they cannot thrive, and if this needed space is to any extent occupied by weeds the returns from the crop must be correspondingly less. Weeds are notoriously more resistant to drought, more rapid in growth, more sturdy of habit and more tenacious of life than the cultivated plants that they shade, drown or starve out.

Adam Dickson, as long ago as 1735, said in his treatise on agriculture: "Weeds are nourished by the same food that would nourish useful plants, and therefore when allowed to grow along with them must rob them of part of their food. Experience convinces the farmer of the truth of this; for he finds that his crop is bad in proportion to the quantity and kinds of weeds with which his land is infested."

Some weeds serve as host plants, for injurious fungi and rust, smut and mildew, may be transferred from them to useful plants. Weedy stubbles are often a breeding ground for cut worms, flea beetles and other insect plagues.

Sheaves of grain containing any considerable quantity of weeds are difficult to cure, and are frequently the cause of grain heating in the stack, bin or elevator, thus seriously injuring its germinating power. Weeds mean extra labor in cleaning the threshed grain, and in some instances it is almost impossible to make a perfect separation with the machines in common use. For instance, it is exceedingly difficult to separate wild oats from cultivated oats, or chaff and corks from wheat. Darnel is difficult to separate from barley, etc.

I consider it extremely dangerous to purchase seed grain from a grower whose farm is generally full of weeds, even if the particular field from which the individual sample was obtained is clean, for there is great danger of weed seeds becoming mixed through the use of implements, machinery, etc.

Two incidents in my own experience will illustrate this point. In the autumn of 1906, I visited a farm in this province, where I understood the owner made a specialty of growing seed grain. I found one small patch of about one-half acre which had been hand-picked and was fairly free of noxious weeds, but every other field on the farm was practically smothered with noxious weeds. It is needless to state that I did not purchase any seed from that farm.

Again, in 1908, wishing to purchase a large quantity of seed grain for the federal government, I inspected the growing crop on a 2,000 acre farm in the west. This farm, I understood, made a specialty of growing seed oats for the United States market. On inspecting the growing crop I found the virgin soil of every field had been broken deeply the first year, then disked and sown the same season with flax, and the crop showed the evil of this practice.

There was not an acre of the whole farm but what was contaminated with from two to five kinds of wild mustard. There was certainly a large amount of many-colored blossoms in every field, but the farm did not appeal to me as a promising source from which to procure clean seed grain, and I left without making a purchase.

Plenty Willing to do the Yelling

Among the factors that may be regarded as deterring the young men of Canada from enlisting is the national habit of taking their sport by proxy. They go and sit on the bleachers at football, baseball, lacrosse or hockey, but they do not get into the game themselves. The result is the cultivation of the vicarious habit of letting other people do things that ought to be done. The real sporting men have done splendidly in the way of enlistment. Scarcely a battalion or a battery but numbers among its members some of the well known athletes of the respective districts where the corps belong.—Toronto World.

A farm on which, or near which, absolutely pure water cannot be obtained will not answer for dairy purposes. Dairy cows need free access to all the pure water that they will drink.

## Big U.S. Aeroplane

Rumored That a Monster Machine Will Soon be Put to Use

An American built aeroplane soon to be used in the war, which will carry a 9-centimetre gun and which will be six times as large as the new German Fokker monoplanes, was described by G. Douglas Wardrop, editor of the Aerial Age, in an address to the cadets and instructors of the United States Military Academy.

After stating that the aerial equipment of the United States army was in every way inadequate, Mr. Wardrop said: "We have heard very much of late concerning the Fokker monoplanes, the machine that spirals to a tremendous altitude and then darts directly down upon its opponent, meantime showering a hail of deadly bullets upon its adversary."

"We in this country are quietly preparing a monster machine that will represent the conquest of even the latest German achievement. This aeroplane will be six times larger than any yet tried. It can carry sufficient gasoline to give a speed of seventy-five miles an hour and a cruising range of more than 600 miles. The horsepower consists of seven motors, six of 160 horsepower each and one of 40 horsepower. With about eight passengers, this machine has a further capacity for carrying 700 gallons of gasoline, sixty gallons of oil and a useful load of 3,000 pounds. By decreasing the 3,000 pound cargo the number of passengers can be approximately increased to thirty. A total weight of 21,000 pounds can be carried through the air. The machine is built with three planes, spreading 133 feet. The length is sixty-eight feet.

This will be the type of bombardment aeroplane that will be used on German ports in the early spring. Many of the type are now under construction.

"A new gun which gives no recoil will be used in this monster plane. It consists of a tube in which two shots are simultaneously discharged by a single explosion. One shot, the deadly steel shell, speeds down toward the enemy; a second, which is made of sand, is discharged backward. As a result there is no recoil from the gun. This new gun will throw a shell nine centimetres in diameter."

## Tide of Feminism Rising

It is reasonable to expect that when the women of the prairie provinces are possessed of the franchise, many women in the other provinces will be restless until they acquire the same right. The tide of feminism in this country is rising. It means much more than the mere granting of the voting franchise to women. It means coming changes of a fundamental character—social and economic as well as political changes, changes in the relation of the sexes, in domestic life, in conventional ideas of morality. Whether these changes will be for the betterment of the race is a matter of opinion; it depends upon the point of view. All who thirst for change for the sake of change will hail the feminist revolution with joy. But in such revolutionary changes much that is good is often submerged. What is old is not necessarily of little value and unfit to cherish.—Hamilton Herald.

Hostess (to guest)—Now, remember, I've warned you. If you will insist on sleeping in the haunted room don't be surprised to hear the most hair-raising scream.

Bald Guest—Right! That'll suit me; I've tried every other hair-raising remedy without success.

A simplified X-ray by which a bill collector could see how much money a man had in his pocket would fill a long-felt want.

## HEAT FLASHES, DIZZY, NERVOUS

Mrs. Wynn Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helped Her During Change of Life.

Richmond, Va.—"After taking seven bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I feel like a new woman. I always had a headache during the change of life and was also troubled with other bad feelings common at that time—dizziness, nervous feelings and heat flashes. Now I am in better health than I ever was and recommend your remedies to all my friends."—Mrs. LENA WYNN, 2812 E. O Street, Richmond, Va.

While Change of Life is a most critical period of a woman's existence, the annoying symptoms which accompany it may be controlled, and normal health restored by the timely use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Such warning symptoms are a sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and inquietude, and dizziness.

For these abnormal conditions do not fail to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Hub (surveying mass of bills)—As to how these are to be paid, I am completely in the dark.

Wife—Well, there's one of them you will have to pay or be even more in the dark—the gas bill.

Suffragettes had not thought of horrifying the men by appearing in their last year's hats.

## Business Morality And Its Obligations

R. J. C. Stead Delivers an Interesting and Thoughtful Address

An interesting and thoughtful address on "Business Morality" was delivered recently before the Calgary Fortnightly club by Mr. Robert J. C. Stead, the well known author. There was a large attendance and the novelty of Mr. Stead's observations were discussed, analyzed and supplemented when the meeting was opened. The speaker, in part, said:

There are many conceptions of morality, and many tedious definitions that might be quoted, but in the end we will arrive at the principle that morality is right living. Morality is not religion, but it is an outgrowth of religion, as it is from religion we get our conception of what constitutes right living. The basic principle of the Christian religion is the golden rule—"Do unto others as you would that they should do unto you"—which, translated into commercial phraseology, may be called the gospel of the square deal.

Business, for the purpose of this discussion, is confined to commercial transactions; in short, to buying and selling. We are all buyers. We must buy our clothing, food, shelter, amusement, education, and much of our success in life is dependent upon our ability and discrimination as buyers. And we are all sellers. We sell either goods or services. These two acts, buying and selling, constitute our business relations with society.

The square deal means giving honest value and getting honest value, but this immediately demands a standard of honest value. The modern conception of supply and demand as a basis of honest value must be challenged as illogical and immoral. A pound of coal will only give so much heat whether it be taken from a thousand tons or out of the last scuttful. A house only gives so much room and shelter, whether in boom days or periods of depression. For an honest basis of value we must consider, not supply and demand, but service rendered and cost of production.

As, however, we are not dealing with ideal conditions, we must endeavor, as far as possible, to apply moral principles to conditions as we find them. There is a growing conception that the idea of business is service, rather than sharp practice, and with the spread of that conception will come business morality.

Modern specialism tends to destroy general information, and present-day buyers are generally ignorant of values and qualities outside of their own little sphere of specialization. Ignorance of values, combined with wrong standards of living, are the most fruitful sources of business immorality. The cure for such conditions is right standards and information.

Within the last year or two Canadians had had some of their false gods shattered, and any money-making prosperity which is being enjoyed by people of neutral nations cannot possibly offset the advantage to Canadians of having been forced to readjust their conceptions of success and citizenship. A new ideal is arising in business—service, not selfishness; giving, not getting. The physical needs of a man and his family must be provided, and legislation should aim to make that as easy as possible, but as soon as his reasonable physical needs are supplied the ambition of every good citizen should be to serve the community and the state.

Probably the greatest source of business information is advertising. Advertising has arisen out of modern conveniences which have extended the possible trade area, and made it impossible for the dealer to have personal knowledge of all his customers. Advertising is the child of the mail, telegraph, telephone, express, freight and passenger service. It first consisted of bald, business announcements. Its business-getting ability having been demonstrated it then swept to the other extreme, and made the most extravagant, impossible claims. The mail order house, however, inaugurated the practice of guaranteeing satisfaction to customers, and other classes of advertising had followed suit, until now many publications absolutely guarantee every advertisement that appears in their pages, and advertisements have become real, dependable, business information.

The so-called bargain sale came in for a sharp criticism. The average bargain price could be explained only in two ways. Either the price had originally been too high, or it was now too low, and in either case it was not compatible with business morality.

The speaker concluded by emphasizing the point that business morality laid obligations upon the buyer as well as the seller. It demanded, first, that he should pay for the goods. A good way to avoid temptation in this connection was to pay for the goods as they passed over the counter. A whole swarm of business evils followed in the wake of the credit system, and in this respect dealers were as much to blame as the public because they did not offer sufficient inducement to encourage cash buying. Business morality demands that the customer be as ready to report over-weight as under-weight, over-change or short change, and must consider the buying of an article for less than it is worth quite as reprehensible as paying too much for it.

Hub (surveying mass of bills)—As to how these are to be paid, I am completely in the dark.

Wife—Well, there's one of them you will have to pay or be even more in the dark—the gas bill.

Suffragettes had not thought of horrifying the men by appearing in their last year's hats.

**Hungarian Actress Executed as Spy**  
According to information received by Cleveland Hungarians, Sari Petras, famous Hungarian actress, who was noted in Europe for her beauty, has been executed as a British spy in Budapest.

Letters received in Cleveland declare that she was tried by court-martial and convicted of getting military secrets from Austrian and Hungarian officers and sending them to England. The reports declare that some of her letters were intercepted and that one of her dupes confessed.

She was well known in London, where she was appearing in "The Marriage Market," at one of the big theatres, when the war started.

The news of her execution was kept secret, and came as a shock to the theatre-going public abroad when it became known.

## Cannot Stand Failure


The doctrine of the election of Germany to create by blood and fire the kingdom of righteousness on earth can withstand many things. Ridicule cannot shake the stout faith of a humorless race in its idol; misery and suffering may, for a time at any rate, only harden it. But there is one thing which no variant of this degraded creed has ever been able to support, and that is failure. Let it become visible to the least willing to see it that the German empire has failed in its self-appointed task; that the attempt to "crucify humanity" has recoiled in blood and ruin on its authors; winning for them nothing but the abhorrence of mankind; and the whole fabric of false history, false science, false statesmanship and false fanaticism is already tottering.—London Daily News.

The production of milk in the United States is estimated at 115 gallons per capita, with a value of \$2,320,000,000 to producers. That represents one-half the value of animal products in the country, and more than one-third the value of all crop products.

## TO SAVE EYES

Is the Object of This Free Prescription—Try It If Your Eyes Give You Trouble.

Thousands of people suffer from eye troubles because they do not know what to do. They know some good home remedy for every other minor ailment, but none for their eye troubles. They neglect their eyes, because the trouble is not sufficient to drive them to an eye specialist, who would, anyway, charge them a heavy fee. As a last resort they go to an optician or to the five and ten-cent store, and oftentimes get glasses that they do not need, or which, after being used a few months, do their eyes more injury than good. Here is a simple prescription that every one should use: 5 grains Bon-Opto, 2 ounces water. Use three or four times a day to bathe the eyes. This prescription and the simple Opto system keeps the eyes clean, sharpens the vision and quickly overcomes inflammation and irritation. Weak, watery, overworked, tired eyes and other similar troubles are greatly benefited and oftentimes cured by its use. Many reports show that wearers of glasses have discarded them after a few weeks' use. It is good for the eyes, and contains no ingredient which would injure the most sensitive eyes of an infant or the aged. Your own druggist can fill this prescription, or the Valma Drug Co. of Toronto will fill it for you. Try it, and know for once what real eye comfort is.



**If Your Horse Could Talk**

He would tell you that he can do lots more work when the wagon wheels are greased with

**MICA AXLE GREASE**

Mica Axle Grease fills the pores of the axle. Makes a perfect bearing surface. Reduces friction to a minimum.

Dealers Everywhere

The Imperial Oil Company Limited  
BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

**LITTLE THINGS COUNT**

Even in a match you should consider the "Little Things," the wood—the composition—the strikeability—the flame.

**EDDY'S MATCHES**

are made of strong dry pine stems, with a secret perfected composition that guarantees "Every Match A Light." 65 years of knowing how—that's the reason!

All Eddy products are dependable products—Always.



## The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by  
**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS**

Purely vegetable  
—acts gently and  
gently on the  
liver. Cures  
Biliousness,  
Head-  
ache,  
Dizzi-  
ness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.  
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.  
Genuine must bear Signature

*Beut Food*



## Do You Consider Wear and Tear

On your harness when you figure your profits for the year? Ordinarily that's a big item but you can make it negligible by using

## EUREKA HARNESS OIL

Keeps the leather soft and prevents cracking. Adds years to harness life.

Dealers Everywhere  
The Imperial Oil Company  
Limited  
BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

### ACENTS

Wanted in every town and village. To take orders for the best Made-to-Measure Clothing in Canada. Good commissions. Magnificent Samples.

STERLING TAILORING CO.  
535 College Street Toronto

## Gain From Cow Testing.

Keeping Tab on the Individual Production of Cows is Time Well Invested

The keeping of dairy records was started in Canada about 1901 and at that time the average yield of milk per cow was 2,850 pounds. The number of record centres has been gradually increasing and so has the milk production. By 1911 the average production had increased to 3,806 pounds or an increase of 956 pounds per cow. This does not seem much but the figures begin to look impressive when we consider the number of cows kept. In 1911 there were 2,594,174 cows, an increase of 185,502 compared with the census of 1901. The increase in the number of cows during the ten years was only 7 per cent, but the total increased milk production for the same period was 43 per cent.

The keeping and study of records is held to be largely responsible for the improvement in quality and in view of the excellent results it is regrettable that more dairymen do not keep tab on the individual production of his cows. It costs a little in time and money but it is time and money well invested. Without considering the increased number of cows the production was still increased during this period to the value of about \$25,000,000. This is sufficient to warrant considerable time being spent on testing.

### Something in That

John—Just one more kiss, darling, before we say good-bye.  
Mabel—Oh, John, you've had enough—wait till tomorrow night.  
John—Delays are dangerous; to-morrow night I may be dead, or you may have been eating onions.

## MORE THAN EVER

Increased Capacity For Work

Many former tea and coffee drinkers who have mental work to perform day after day, have found a better capacity and greater endurance by using Postum. A woman writes:

"I had drank coffee for about twenty years, and finally had what the doctor called 'coffee heart.' I was nervous and extremely dependent; had little mental or physical strength left; had kidney trouble and constipation." (Tea is just as injurious because it contains caffeine, the same drug found in coffee).

"The first noticeable benefit which followed the change from coffee to Postum was the improved action of the kidneys and bowels. In two weeks my heart action was greatly improved and my nerves steadier."

"Then I became less dependent, and the desire to be active again showed proof of renewed physical and mental strength."

"I formerly did mental work and had to give up on account of coffee, but since using Postum I am doing hard mental labor with less fatigue." Name given by: Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Postum comes in two forms. Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled, 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both forms are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup. "There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.

W. N. U. 1099

## Prisoners of War In Germany

Treatment Accorded British Prisoners in German Camps

One hears many contradictory reports of the life of allied prisoners of war in Germany, and it is hard to know how much of the good one hears is due to the fear of the censor and how much to the locality in which the prisoner is confined. "In Saxony," one report says, "whose men have proved gentlemanly foes on the battlefield, conditions are as good as can be expected; but in the north, in Prussia, the ingenuity of cruelty and neglect would be unbelievable if it were not true."

Of the petty and continuous insults received, apart from the real deprivations, one exchanged prisoner writes: "If letters arrived with stamps on them, they were never delivered till the stamps bearing the king's head was solemnly and carefully cut in half. Petty, wasn't it? Then newspapers were distributed full of allied disasters, which they said were directly translated from English newspapers, but we just laughed and said: 'It's all a pack of lies,' which made them stamp with rage. Sometimes grand Prussian officers would march through the wards (the writer was a wounded prisoner), and when they were told this in English they'd say through their teeth, 'schwein,' and pass on."

"But the food," he went on, "or the lack of it, was one of the worst things. We couldn't even make tea, as they wouldn't give us boiling water. So we let the tap run until it was as hot as it would go and then made cocoa!"

## He Feels Like a Young Fellow

WHY MANITOBA MAN PRAISES DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

After Experimenting With Other Medicines Max Hanjook Found in Dodd's Kidney Pills the Cure That He Sought.

Pleasant Home, Man.—(Special).—Mr. Max Hanjook, a well known resident of this place, who, after an extended period of ill-health is feeling strong and hearty again, is spreading broadcast the good news that he found a new lease of youth in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I tried all kinds of other pills, but they didn't help me very much," Mr. Hanjook says. "But Dodd's Kidney Pills have made me feel like a different man. I feel like a young fellow again. I want everybody to know that Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for me everything that has been claimed for them."

Dodd's Kidney Pills make men and women feel young again because they spread good health all over the body. Dodd's Kidney Pills act directly on the kidneys. They made the kidneys strong and healthy and thus put them in condition to strain all impurities, all the seeds of disease, out of the blood. The cleansed blood circulating all through the body gives new strength and energy everywhere. That's why Dodd's Kidney Pills are popular all over Canada.

### High Finance

"Another new hat. You should really save your money with the price of everything going up."  
"But why? The longer I have it, the less I can buy," with it."

## WHEN BABY IS ILL

When baby is ill no other medicine will so quickly relieve him as will Baby's Own Tablets. They go right to the root of most childhood ailments—those derangements of the stomach and bowels which cause difficult teething, colds, constipation, vomiting and simple fevers. They cleanse the bowels and sweeten the stomach and drive out all cause of illness. Concerning them Mrs. Wm. Evers, Gilks, N.B., says: "We always keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house as we have found them an excellent medicine for little ones." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Saved by Orthography

In the British army, when a soldier is confined in the guardroom, for an offence, a written copy of the crime is invariably handed to the commander of the guard. The other day a non-commissioned officer and a party of men were detailed for a certain fatigue. The corporal having given an order, one of the men seemed disinclined to obey, when, after having rebuked him sharply, he shouted in angry tones: "It's a good job for you, me lad, that I can't spell insubordination, or I'd shove you in the guardroom sharp."

### Dangers of Cat Kissing

It must be a terrifying revelation, to those ladies who kiss their cats, that has been made by Professor Flocchi, the Italian chemist. He has found by experiment that when a cat licks its lips it spreads over them a saliva in which there are swarms of minute bacilli not free from danger to human beings. When he inoculated rabbits and guinea-pigs with this noxious substance they died within twenty-four hours; and he has come to the conclusion that it is dangerous for ladies to indulge in the habit of kissing their cats.

A farmer in a small way walked into the offices of one of the fire insurance companies and intimated that he wished to insure his barn and a couple of stacks.

"What facilities have you for extinguishing a fire in your village?" inquired the superintendent of the office.

The man scratched his head and pondered over the matter for a little while. Eventually, he answered: "Well, it sometimes rains."—Tit-Bits.

## The House By the Side Of the Road

THERE are hermit souls that live withdrawn, In the place of their self content;

There are souls, like stars, that dwell apart In a fellowship firmament; There are pioneer souls that blaze their paths Where the highways never ran— But let me live by the side of the road And be a friend to man.

Let me live in the house by the side of the road Where the race of men go by— The men who are good, and the men who are bad, As good and bad as I. I would not sit in the scorners' seat, Or hurl the cynic's ban Let me live in the house by the side of the road And be a friend to man.

I see from my house by the side of the road By the side of the highway of life, The men who press with the ardor of hope, The men who are faint with the strife. But I turn not away from their smiles nor their tears. Both parts of an infinite plan— Let me live in my house by the side of the road And be a friend to man.

Let me live in the house by the side of the road Where the race of men go by— Where they are good, they are bad, they are weak, they are strong; Wise, foolish—so am I. Then why should I sit in the scorners' seat, Or hurl the cynic's ban? Let me live in the house by the side of the road And be a friend to man. —Sam Walter Foss.

## If All Played Out, Try This Prescription

When that overpowering weariness and a never-rested feeling comes over you, it shows some serious disorder is undermining your health. The cure is simple. Build up the system and nourish the body back to health by pure wholesome food.

The one sure means of doing this is with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They are a marvellous aid to appetite—convert all you eat into nutriment and tissue-building material. Thus a weak body is supplied with new nerve fibre, hardy muscle and firm flesh. Lasting good health is sure to follow. If you really want to get well and stay well, use Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25c per box at all dealers.

The man who waits for opportunity to knock finds the waiting good.

**Pill for Brain Workers.**—The man who works with his brains is more liable to derangement of the digestive system than the man who works with his hands, because the one calls upon his nervous energy while the other applies only his muscular strength. Brain fog begets irregularities of the stomach and liver, and the best remedy that can be used is Par-melee's Vegetable Pills. They are specially compounded for such cases and all those who use them can certify to their superior power.

A young reporter who took his first check to the bank and was asked by the cashier to endorse it on the back, wrote: "I heartily endorse this check."

In the train of Alexander the Great during his Asiatic conquests were some observant persons who made notes of what they saw, when not too busy killing off the inhabitants, and in these written documents is told the story of "a reed growing in India which produces honey without bees." Thus sugar cane evidently was well known in that part of the world in 230 B.C.

### An Island of Bones

Alaska has her skeletons—not mere reminders of exploitation, but real bones. They are on the Pribilof Islands over an area a mile long, a mile wide and many feet deep. Secretary of Commerce Redfield points out their value as fertilizers, and if grinding and transportation facilities can be found, here is an important material that will go a great way toward meeting our needs for phosphorus and nitrogen for the soil.

It seems that many generations of seals dying on the coast of the Pribilof Islands have laid up this reserve of fertilizer which has been discovered just at the time when we need it most. Despite the many surveys that have been made for fertilizing material a critical need is still to be met by the new discovery. The day of our starvation as the result of an impoverished and barren soil is thus pushed into the more remote future. —The Country Gentleman.

### Family Affair

"So my daughter has consented to become your wife. Have you fixed the day of the wedding?"  
"I will leave that to her."  
"Will you have a church or a private wedding?"  
"Her mother can decide that."  
"What have you to live on?"  
"I will leave that entirely to you, sir."

Switzerland will be compelled to charter trans-Atlantic steamships to bring her own food across the sea under protection of her own flag if the war continues much longer, is the opinion of many persons there.

The view is expressed that Germany's program at sea may mean the starvation of Switzerland unless some such action is taken.

The Grain Growers' Guide says that Western Canada cannot, in view of the scarcity of help and the small amount of fall plowing done, hope to produce in 1916 anything like the crop of 1915.

## CHAPPED HANDS AND COLD SORES

Are your hands chapped, cracked, or sore? Have you "cold cracks" which open and bleed when the skin is drawn tight? Have you a cold sore, frost bite, or chilblains, which at times makes it agony for you to go about your duties? If so, Zam-Buk will give you relief, and will heal the frost-damaged skin.

Miss B. Strojka, of East Hanford, N.S., writes: "My hands were so badly chapped I was unable to put them in water. All remedies failed to heal until I tried Zam-Buk. Perseverance with this balm completely healed the sores."

Zam-Buk heals cuts, burns, bruises, eczema, piles, chapped hands, cold sores, frost bites, and all skin diseases and injuries. Refuse substitutes. At all druggists and stores, 50c box.

**ZAM-BUK**  
GIVES QUICK RELIEF

### Plowing and Shelling

A letter from France says: "There is a most terrific fight going on on our right. The roaring is continuous and terrible. We—i.e., our battalion—are not in it at present, but may have to join in at any moment. We have done a fair amount of 'strafing' since we have been here and the Germans have suffered as they deserve to. 'The destruction is too awful for words; all round villages and towns are laid flat! What has become of the wretched inhabitants. God knows! A few sticks to the place, although shells fall round all the time. They live in the cellars, I suppose. Some few go on plowing with shells flying over their fields; they take their chance."

The recently bombed Durazzo is a port that has played a prominent part in both ancient and modern warfare. The Greek city of Epidamnus, as it was at the time of the struggles leading to the Peloponnesian War, was much harassed by these civil jealousies and feuds. The Romans called it Dyrrachium, whence the modern name is derived, and it became the principal landing place on the route from Brindisi to Greece. A great military road to the Hellespont began here. The town is memorable also for the battles between Caesar and Pompey and, later, became the capital of a Byzantine province.

## Protection of Wild Life

Some Measures Essential to the Conservation of Canada's Wild Birds and Animals

If the wild life of Canada is to receive proper protection, it is essential that several important steps be taken with the least possible delay. The following measures are not mentioned in the order of their relative importance, for each of them is essential to a complete system of protection and merits the whole-hearted advocacy of every public-spirited citizen.

- (1) Careful revision of the provincial acts governing the protection of insectivorous birds, to ensure that no valuable species are included on the "black list."
- (2) Negotiation of a migratory bird treaty between Canada and the United States.
- (3) The selection of suitable areas throughout Canada, and their erection into bird sanctuaries.
- (4) Adequate protection for the sea birds of the Atlantic coast.
- (5) Close restriction and, where feasible, total prohibition of the sale of game.
- (6) Thorough revision of the Northwest Game Act and provision for its strict enforcement.
- (7) Organization of strong, independent societies to create a public opinion of sufficient strength to obtain and enforce proper protective laws.

Marion Bridge, C.B., May 30, '02. I have handled MINARD'S LINIMENT during the past year. It is always the first Liniment asked for here, and unquestionably the best seller of all the different kinds of Liniment I handle.

NEIL FERGUSON.

Carl Maria von Weber, the celebrated composer, wrote a piano piece which a friend pronounced unplayable, as one chord had a note in the centre which could not be reached by either hand. "Ach, see me do it!" answered the composer, and he struck the note with his nose.

The Oil for the Farmer.—A bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the farm house will save many a journey for the doctor. It is not only good for the children when taken with colds and croup, and for the mature who suffer from pains and aches, but there are directions for its use on sick cattle. There should always be a bottle of it in the house.

"Willie, you haven't said whether you thanked Mr. Carr for taking you out for a ride."

"Yes, mother, I thanked him, but I didn't tell you, because he said, 'Don't mention it.'"



## Stop Backaches

Don't complain about pains in your back when the remedy lies right to hand. Gin Pills stop backaches, and they do it in an easy natural way by going right to the root of the trouble.

## Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

Gin Pills act on the kidneys and the bladder. They soothe and heal the inflamed organs, which are causing the suffering. Neglect your kidneys and swollen hands and feet, wrists and ankles, are likely to follow. A dose of Gin Pills is like saving a world of pain.

You will realize their value when you read what Mrs. J. F. T. Wedge, of Summerside, P.E.I., writes:

"Gin Pills are the greatest of all Kidney remedies and a medicine which is at present doing me a world of good. They are worth their weight in gold to any sufferer."

Get GIN PILLS to-day at your dealer's. 50c. a box, or 4 boxes for \$2.50. Trial treatment FREE if you write.

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto

## TYPHOID

is no more necessary than 5 m. l. p. o. x. Army experience has demonstrated the almost miraculous efficacy, and harmlessness, of Antityphoid Vaccination. Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, you and your family. It is more vital than house insurance.

Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccine, results from use, and danger from Typhoid Carriers. THE CUTLER LABORATORY, BERKELEY, CAL. PRODUCING VACCINES & SERUMS UNDER U. S. & CAN. LICENSE

Sir E. Grey's Advice Sir Edward Grey, in the British house of commons, has been deprecating the publication in English journals of articles and cartoons calculated to be offensive to rulers or people of neutral nations. Sir Edward's position is a sound one, but his taking it may have little effect. How is a small minded person to show that he is a patriot if he cannot insult a for signer?—Montreal Gazette.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

"He is some painter, believe me."  
"To what school does he belong?"  
"To the utilitarian."  
"Oh, signs and fences."

## Hardening of the Arteries

An Interesting Explanation of How This Dreaded Condition is Brought About.

You take out the garden hose in the spring, turn on the water, and if the rubber has got hard and brittle the tubing bursts and water spurts out in all directions.

The arteries of the human body may be likened to small rubber pipes, which go everywhere through the body and carry blood to the hands and feet, as well as to the nerves, muscles and vital organs. They carry all the blood in the human system, and if this blood is burdened with the poisons left over when the liver and kidneys are not properly performing their filtering work, these poisons form a deposit on the inside walls of the arteries.

The deposit thus formed gradually thickens and hardens the walls of the arteries. The tiny blood vessels of the liver are affected, and thence comes that fatal disease—cirrhosis of the liver. The cells of the kidneys become starved for want of blood, and Bright's disease gets its start.

In health the arteries have the elasticity of rubber, and expand, contract or elongate, as required by the demands of the blood pressure. Hardened, the arteries are like so much brittle rubber tubing. The blood pressure comes on, the tubing bursts, and the resulting blood clot on the brain causes apoplexy.

It will be plainly seen that the cause of trouble is in the inefficient condition of the liver and kidneys. When these filtering organs are kept healthy and active, and the bowels regular in the removal of waste matter, there is no chance for such dreadful conditions as hardening of the arteries bring about.

As in all forms of serious disease, prevention is the only wise course to follow. You can positively depend on Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to awaken the action of liver and kidneys, and also ensure the regularity of movement of the bowels. It is only by the activity of these organs that the blood can be kept pure and free from uric acid and other substances which form deposits in the arteries and at other points in the human system, causing pain, suffering and serious disease.

When you think of the scores of common ills, such as colds, indigestion, biliousness, headaches, backaches, etc., which arise from a torpid condition of these organs, you will better understand the reason why Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are the favorite family medicine in many thousands of homes. By keeping the liver, kidneys and bowels active they cure the common ills of life, and prevent serious disease. One pill a dose. 25 cents a box, all dealers, or Edman-son, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Recipe Book, 1,000 selected recipes, sent free, if you mention this paper.

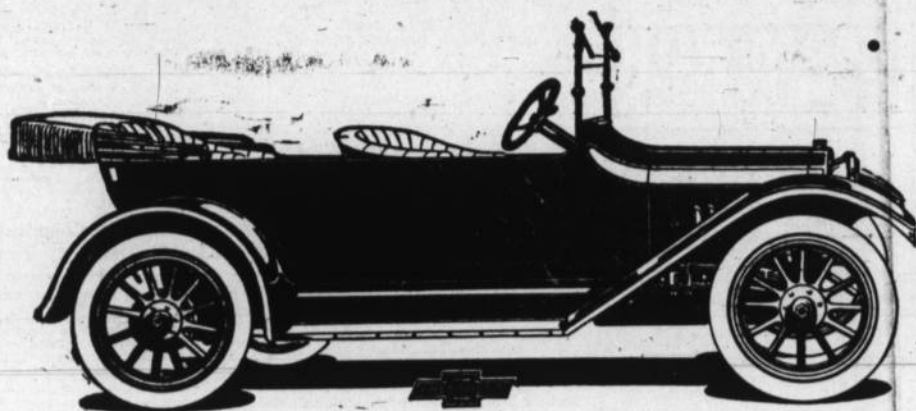


Before Buying a CAR, Have a Demonstration  
of The

# CHEVROLET

The Product of Experience with the the Oldest and Largest  
Company in Canada in Back of It

Fully Electrically Equipped



MADE IN CANADA

Price \$755 at Vulcan, Fully Equipped

R. D. STOWELL

IMPERIAL HOTEL, VULCAN

An Advt. in the Advocate Pays!

## Production and Thrift

"CANADA from her abundance can help supply the Empire's needs, and this must be a comforting thought for those upon whom the heavy burden of directing the Empire's affairs has been laid. Gain or no gain the course before the farmers of Canada is as clear as it was last year—they must produce abundantly in order to meet the demands that may be made and I believe this to be especially true in regard to live stock, the world's supply of which must be particularly affected in this vast struggle. Stress and strain may yet be in store for us all before this tragic conflict is over, but not one of us doubts the issue, and Canadians will do their duty in the highest sense of that great word."—HON. MARTIN BURRELL, Minister of Agriculture.

"MODERN war is made by resources, by money, by foodstuffs, as well as by men and by munitions. While war is our first business, it is the imperative duty of every man in Canada to produce all that he can, to work doubly hard while our soldiers are in the trenches, in order that the resources of the country may not only be conserved, but increased, for the great struggle that lies before us. 'Work and Save' is a good motto for War-time."—SIR THOMAS WHITE, Minister of Finance.

### THE CALL OF EMPIRE COMES AGAIN IN 1916

TO CANADIAN FARMERS, DAIRYMEN, FRUIT GROWERS, GARDENERS

WHAT IS NEEDED? THESE IN PARTICULAR—

WHEAT, OATS, HAY,  
BEEF, PORK, BACON,  
CHEESE, EGGS, BUTTER, POULTRY,

CANNED FRUITS, FRUIT JAMS,  
SUGAR, HONEY, WOOL, FLAX FIBRE,  
BEANS, PEAS, DRIED VEGETABLES

We must feed ourselves, feed our soldiers, and help feed the Allies. The need is greater in 1916 than it was in 1915. The difficulties are greater, the task is heavier, the need is more urgent, the call to patriotism is louder—therefore be thrifty and produce to the limit.

"THE AGRICULTURAL WAR BOOK FOR 1916" is now in the press. To be had from The Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

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FARE AND ONE-THIRD  
for the round trip.  
Tickets on sale

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(inclusive)

Good Returning APRIL 25th, 1916

For Tickets and Information apply to  
any C. P. R. Ticket Agent or  
R. DAWSON,  
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Calgary, Alberta.

#### Vulcan Market Report

Spring Wheat, No. 1	.92
" No. 2	.89
" No. 3	.84
Rejected No. 1	.88
" No. 2	.80
" No. 3	.75
Oats, No. 2 C.W.	.29
Extra No. 1 Feed	.26
" No. 1 Feed	.25
" No. 2 Feed	.24
Barley, No. 3	.40
" No. 4	.32
Feed	.25
Flax No. 1, N. W.	1.56
" No. 2 C.W.	1.33
" No. 3 C.W.	1.30
Rye	.60
Eggs	.15
Butter	.25
Cattle, live	.25
Cows	.25
Hogs	.09
Dressed Hogs	.11

## ANNOUNCEMENT

As stated in last issue, we this week take over the property and business formerly owned by the T. R. Hays Co., and to introduce ourselves to the public we offer the following, to commence

FRIDAY MORNING

Apples, choice, per box,	1.95
Evap. Peaches, extra choice, 10c lb. 25 lb box.	2.45
Evap. Apples, " 15c lb. "	3.35
Tomatoes, positively highest grade, can	.15
" same grade, 4 for 55c, case	3.35
Peas and Corn, best grade, 4 for 45c, case	2.70
Cocoa, special qt. jar with patent top for	.50
Sauer Kraut, in cans, 3s, for	.15
Black Tea, good quality, special 3 lbs. for	1.00

On all ladies Whitewear in stock we place a discount of 15 per cent.

Men's Clothing, Boots and Shoes, 10 p.c. discount. On all Dry Goods now in stock, 10 p.c. discount. One shipment of goods is now at the depot and will be placed in stock during the next few days.

Look for specials in fabrics and colors and with very special values in Scotch Zephyr, Gingham, Prints, Flannelets, Hosiery, Shirts and T. wellings.

Highest Prices for Produce

## VULCAN TRADING CO., LTD.

### A BARGAIN IN PAINTS!

Regular price \$3.25 per gallon and going for \$1.50 per gallon.

This is a chance for you to save money. Hurry up! There is only a limited amount and it will not last long.

We also have a big supply of Decorators pure white lead, linseed oil, paint brushes, sand paper, etc.

Try our Silkstone for a beautiful interior finish, also Alabastine in all colors.

J. WOLFE

Vulcan,

Alberta



It "Preserves" your house and barn to paint them.

That pays.

It makes the house look better; It makes you feel better.

Brighten up things.

Our Paints "last."

George Pettman